

TORONTO SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY

MA (USMC) HANDBOOK



Updated: September 2018

Updates will be posted on the TST website at www.tst.edu

IMPORTANT NOTICE

In 2014-15, the Toronto School of Theology underwent changes in the governance and administration of its graduate (advanced degree) programs. The policies and procedures described in this Handbook now fall under the jurisdiction of either the Graduate Studies Council (GSC) or the administrative structures of the Graduate Centre for Theological Studies (GCTS). Students, faculty and staff should contact the GCTS Office (gcts.office@utoronto.ca or 416-978-4050) regarding the application and administration of Handbook policies and procedures within TST's new structures.

September 2018

TORONTO SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY
Program Handbook
Master of Arts in Theology (MA - USMC)

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Introduction

The Master of Arts in Theology (MA (USMC) in Theology) program, conferred solely by the University of St. Michael's College, is designed to provide students with graduate-level competence in several areas of theological study and to offer opportunities for advanced work in areas of particular interest to the student. The MA (USMC) in Theology is designed as a four-semester (two-year) program, consisting of twelve courses, language requirements and the completion of a master's thesis. Normally, candidates will take twelve courses in three semesters and complete a master's thesis in the final semester (the equivalent of four courses). The program may be completed on a full-time or part-time basis.

Each MA student works in one of four program areas:

1. Biblical Studies, with two areas of concentration: Old Testament and New Testament;
2. Historical Studies;
3. Pastoral and Practical Theology, with five areas of concentration: homiletics, pastoral theology, religious education, liturgy, and Christian spirituality;
4. Theological Studies, with four areas of concentration: systematic theology, philosophical theology/philosophy of religion, Christian ethics, and interdisciplinary studies. These fields of study are addressed in an ecumenical context and in relation to the wider world and to other religious faiths.

This handbook is the official statement of the academic policies and procedures for the MA (USMC) program.

Please note that "program areas" refers to the areas of study previously administered by "departments" under an earlier TST governance structure.

Each college appoints a faculty member to be responsible for graduate degree programs at that college. These appointees are referred to as "College Graduate Directors" throughout this handbook. The titles held by these appointees at their colleges may vary.

N.B. *This Handbook is the official statement of the academic policies and procedures for the non-conjoint MA (USMC) degree. The MA (USMC) was closed to new admissions in 2017. The degree requirements in this handbook are distinct from those of the conjoint Master of Arts in Theological Studies, which may be found in the GCTS Conjoint Degree Handbook.*

1 Graduate Degree Administration

1.1 Graduate Studies Council (GSC)

Academic policies for the TST's graduate (advanced) degrees are recommended by the Graduate Studies Council (formerly the Advanced Degree Council) of the Toronto School of Theology (TST) and approved by TST's Academic Council. Members of the GSC are appointed from the participating colleges, the University of Toronto and the TST Graduate Students' Association. GSC policies must be congruent with the accrediting standards of the Association of Theological Schools in the United States and Canada (ATS) and government statutes and regulations. In addition, these policies as they pertain to the conjoint degrees must be congruent with the Memorandum of Agreement among the TST, the participating colleges and the University of

Toronto; and with the policies of the Ontario Universities Council on Quality Assurance. Academic policies are administered collaboratively by the Director, Graduate Centre for Theological Studies, Graduate Coordinator, Graduate Centre for Theological Studies and by the Director for Graduate Studies in the student's college of registration (College Graduate Director).

Unlike some of the other TST graduate (advanced degree) programs, the non-conjoint MA (USMC) is not granted conjointly with the University of Toronto nor has it been presented for approval by the Ontario Universities Council on Quality Assurance. Nevertheless, GSC policies in general are congruent with the Memorandum of Agreement among the TST, the participating member colleges and the University of Toronto. MA (USMC) students are not considered students of the University of Toronto under the terms of the TST/UofT Memorandum of Agreement, and do not enjoy the same rights and privileges granted by the UofT to students in TST's conjoint programs.

1.2 The participating colleges

Every MA (USMC) student must be accepted into one of the six participating theological institutions ("colleges"), and every applicant for admission must choose a college. The colleges are Emmanuel College (United Church of Canada), Knox College (Presbyterian Church in Canada), Regis College (Roman Catholic, Society of Jesus), the Faculty of Theology of the University of St. Michael's College (Roman Catholic, Basilian Fathers), the Faculty of Divinity of the University of Trinity College (Anglican) and Wycliffe College (Anglican). The colleges do not establish independent program requirements for the MA (USMC). They support their graduate degree communities in various ways and administer bursaries.

1.3 The program areas

Every MA (USMC) student is admitted into one of the four TST program areas. Every applicant must choose a program area. The four program areas are Biblical Studies, Historical Studies, Pastoral and Practical Theology, and Theological Studies.

1.4 Policies and regulations

This handbook constitutes the authoritative statement of Academic Council policies and regulations. In accepting an offer of admission, the student becomes subject to all rules, regulations and policies contained in the Handbook and assumes the responsibility to become familiar with its contents.

1.4.1 Subsequent changes.

During the course of a student's program it is to be expected that the GSC will make decisions about requirements, policies or procedures that will result in changes to this Handbook. With respect to program requirements, a student is normally governed by the requirements that were in place when he or she first registered in the program. Students cannot be bound by changes in program requirements, though they have the right to opt into any change if they wish. Most changes in policy and procedures, however, will be applicable to all students once they have been incorporated into the Handbook, especially those that involve TST structures (e.g., committees, thesis examination procedures) or that are mandated by the terms of our ATS accreditation (e.g., course or program evaluation). It is the student's responsibility to stay informed about changes to the Handbook and to seek advice when unsure as to which edition of the Handbook is applicable. If a student feels that he or she has been put at a disadvantage by changes in policy

or procedure, he or she can petition the GCTS Director to allow the original Handbook to be followed in this instance or to make other appropriate accommodations.

1.4.2 Requests, petitions and appeals.

A “request” is an initiative taken by a student with the purpose of taking advantage of a provision allowed under the terms of the Handbook. A “petition” is an initiative whose purpose is to seek an exception to some Handbook regulation. An “appeal” is an initiative whose purpose is to seek a change to an academic decision which affects a student adversely and which he or she considers to be unjust or inappropriate.

1.5 Location

The GCTS Office of the TST is located at 47 Queen's Park Crescent East, Toronto, Ontario M5S 2C3. Phone: 416-978-4050; e-mail: gcts.office@utoronto.ca.

1.6 Conferral of degrees

The MA (USMC) is conferred by the Senate of the University of St. Michael's College under the authority of statutes and regulations of the province of Ontario. It is not conferred conjointly with the University of Toronto.

N.B. The MA (USMC) was closed to new admissions in 2017. The degree requirements in this handbook are distinct from those of the conjoint Master of Arts in Theological Studies.

2 Rationale of the MA (USMC) program

2.1 Purpose of MA (USMC) studies at TST

The MA (USMC) program requires no previous theological studies and thus is similar in some respects to the basic degrees offered by individual TST colleges. But since it moves students quickly to the point where they are able to participate in graduate seminars, it is considered a graduate degree. Accordingly the MA (USMC) provides excellent preparation for doctoral studies. The MA (USMC) student works in a collegial and collaborative context, while also developing skills and resources for independent study. Students plan their program under the guidance of their faculty advisor (normally the Graduate Director of their college of registration), who will ensure that course selection reflects the ecumenical nature of TST.

2.2 Fields of study and areas of concentration

Four program areas with corresponding areas of concentration are available for MA (USMC) students in the TST.

Biblical Studies encompasses the following two areas of concentration within the field of biblical sources.

2.2.1 Old Testament.

This area includes the language, literature, hermeneutics, theology and historical context of the canonical Old Testament, as well as related and parallel literature in the ancient Near East, and the history of interpretation.

2.2.2 New Testament.

This area includes the language, literature, hermeneutics, theology and historical context of the canonical New Testament, as well as related and parallel literature in the contemporary eastern Roman Empire, and the history of interpretation.

Historical Studies encompasses the following field of study:

2.2.3 History of Christianity.

“History of Christianity” is understood in the broadest sense to include the variety of Christian traditions over the ages and throughout the world as expressed in Church, thought, and society. The GCTS primarily accepts students in the area of historical studies who wish to prepare theses in some aspect of the following areas in the history of Christianity: Early; Western Medieval; Byzantine; 16th, 19th and 20th century European (including British); United States; Canadian.

Pastoral and Practical Theology encompasses the following five areas of concentration within the field of pastoral praxis.

2.2.4 Homiletics.

Homiletics is concerned with the history, theory and practice of preaching in relation to hermeneutics, Biblical studies, theology, liturgy, rhetoric and the life of the church.

2.2.5 Religious Education.

Religious education is concerned with the philosophy and theology of education, the history of religious education in the various traditions of the Church, and with practical and theological reflection on the various forms of developmental psychology and educational theory, as well as the influence of education in many dimensions of church life.

2.2.6 Pastoral Theology.

Pastoral Theology is concerned with the interpretive interplay between foundational theological issues and the practical contexts of the pastoral functions of the church. It is also concerned with psychological and sociological theory and the practice of pastoral care in relation to Christian theology.

2.2.7 Liturgy.

Liturgy is concerned with the historical, biblical, theological and pastoral dimensions of worship in Christian tradition, including the study of textual sources, ritual and ceremonial practices, and liturgical art, architecture and music.

2.2.8 Spirituality.

Christian Spirituality is concerned with the history and practice of the spiritual life, as well as with its theoretical and practical connections with other theological disciplines and with other areas of specialization such as psychology.

Theological Studies encompasses the following four areas of concentration within the field of theology.

2.2.9 Systematic theology.

The study of Christian beliefs, systems of doctrine, and teaching, and their relation to other areas of thought.

2.2.10 Philosophy of religion/philosophical theology.

The central concern in this area is the interface between philosophy and theology. Attention is focused on those areas of theological reflection given to the relational placing of Christian theology rather than to its content. While not minimizing the task of theology in interpreting the uniquely revelational, kerygmatic content of the

faith, the philosophical mode of theologizing seeks to develop a theological hermeneutic which takes account of the created order and the manifold phenomena of human consciousness in both secular and religious contexts.

2.2.11 Christian ethics.

Christian ethics includes foundational, medical, sexual and social ethics. Christian ethics is closely related to and overlaps with Systematic Theology. In the unitary enterprise of “faith seeking understanding within the community of the Church and humankind,” the TST program in Christian ethics is focused on the appropriate engagement with the challenges to Christian faith in our day. At the same time, Christian ethicists do theology in dialogue with other disciplines in an interdisciplinary and practical manner.

2.2.12 Special interdisciplinary studies.

This area of specialization permits an interdisciplinary linkage which could be described as "Theology and...". The second discipline might be literature, comparative religion, ecological studies or one of the social sciences (especially anthropology and sociology). The second discipline is called "the cognate discipline".

2.3 Joint MA (USMC)/MDiv program

This program option is no longer available.

2.4 Academic year

The program is structured chronologically according to the academic year. Each academic year begins immediately after Labour Day and is divided into three trimesters: Fall (September to December), Winter (January to May), and Summer (May to August). Unless otherwise specified, the term “year” refers to any twelve month period beginning in September, January, or May, a period which includes three trimesters.

2.5 Specific learning outcomes

A detailed statement of intended outcomes for the MA programs, which are intended to describe the knowledge, capabilities and personal attributes of a typical graduate, may be found in the Appendix.

3 Admission

The MA (USMC) was closed to new admissions in 2017. Students should refer to the Handbook of their year of first registration in the program.

4 Special Admissions

The MA (USMC) was closed to new admissions in 2017.

5 Research language requirements

Competence in languages other than English supports students and graduates in their specialized research and assists them in taking their place in international theological conversation. (Competence and proficiency are defined in 3.1.6.1.)

5.1 Languages required

5.1.1 Basic language requirement.

Every MA (USMC) student must demonstrate competence in one language, in addition to English, selected from among ancient languages or modern languages necessary for their research. The student's college Graduate Director determines the required language. The language, and a brief statement of its relevance for the student's research, shall be recorded in a letter sent to the GCTS Coordinator. The language then requires the final approval of the GCTS Coordinator, who may require that the student take a TST language exam.

5.1.2 Additional language requirements in the Biblical Department.

Before MA (USMC) students begin Biblical Studies program area electives, they should have competence in both biblical Hebrew and biblical Greek, and before they present a thesis proposal they should have demonstrated proficiency in the language of the Testament of major interest.

5.2 Acceptable evidence of skill

Skill in research languages may be demonstrated in the following ways.

5.2.1 Transcript evidence.

A student who has completed recognized post-secondary courses (see 5.2.3 below) in a language within four years prior to making application for admission to the MA (USMC) program may by submission of transcript evidence be deemed by the Admissions Committee to have demonstrated skill in that language. The student may still be required to demonstrate current facility by taking a TST language examination.

5.2.2 Language examination.

A student may demonstrate skill in a language by taking an examination in that language administered by the TST. Examinations usually take place in September and January. Information on language examinations, including dates of invigilation and examples of previous examinations, is available from the GCTS Office. Arrangements for special examinations in languages other than Hebrew, Greek, Latin, French, German, Spanish and Italian, can be made with the GCTS Office.

5.2.3 Coursework.

A student may in some cases demonstrate skill in a language by the satisfactory completion of a language course at the TST, the UofT or another recognized post-secondary institution. TST normally offers non-credit summer courses in theological French and German, and its member colleges offer other credit courses in Greek, Hebrew and Latin (which are not counted as part of the course requirements of the program). Successful completion (see 5.2.5) of these courses will normally satisfy a TST language requirement. Successful completion of graduate-level language courses taken at institutions outside of TST may also fulfill a language requirement if the courses are of the required length (see 5.2.5) and are focused on reading academic or ancient texts. Other courses, including most introductory undergraduate courses and courses taken at institutes such as the Goethe Institute, Alliance Française or as part of Continuing Education programs, do not in themselves serve as fulfilling TST requirements, but students might choose to take such courses to prepare for a TST examination. In all cases the GCTS reserves the right to require that students demonstrate their current skill in a language by taking a TST language examination.

5.2.4 Other evidence.

In the case of a modern language, the college Graduate Director may write a letter attesting to the student's native ability or fluency.

5.2.5 Competency, proficiency and expertise.

In order to demonstrate skill in a language, students in Biblical Studies must achieve or surpass minimum grades in coursework or exams for biblical languages according to the following levels: Competence: B+; Proficiency: B+; and Expertise: A-. For students in the Pastoral and Practical Theology, Historical Studies and Theological Studies, and for the modern language requirement for students in the Biblical Studies, Competence is defined as achieving a minimum grade of: B-. Competence requires at least two semesters of university level courses, while Proficiency requires at least four semesters of university level courses. Expertise may only be demonstrated by exams established by the GCTS (See also Sec. 3.1.6).

6 Candidacy

6.1 Maintaining candidacy

After entering the MA (USMC) program, the student becomes a degree candidate, and is expected either to maintain candidacy until all degree requirements are satisfied, or withdraw from the program.

6.1.1 Demonstrating continuing involvement in the program.

The normal way to maintain candidacy is to demonstrate continuing involvement in the program, which the student can do by meeting at least the following minimum requirements. (1) The student must ensure that he or she has a current program registration in each trimester of study. For information on registration procedures, see the appropriate sections below (7.6, 8.2.1, 8.3.1). (2) The student must pay prescribed fees by the deadlines published under “Key Academic Dates” at <https://www.tst.edu>. (3) The student must be in contact at least once a year with a professor who has a supervisory role over his or her studies, such as a thesis supervisor. (4) The student must maintain a current and valid Canadian postal address, as well as a valid email address, and must ensure, by providing current information to their college Registrar, that TST has access to these addresses. Students are expected to monitor and retrieve their mail, including electronic messaging account[s], on a frequent and consistent basis. (See 6.1.4.)

6.1.2 Leave of absence.

A student who will not be continuing his/her involvement in the program for a period of time may maintain registration by requesting and receiving a leave of absence. A student may apply for a leave of absence at any point in his/her program by completing the [Request for Leave of Absence Form](#), obtaining the approval by signature of the College Graduate Director in his/her college of registration and submitting the form to the GCTS Office. The GCTS Coordinator may then grant the leave of absence. At the student's request, TST officials will treat as confidential the reason given by the student for seeking the leave of absence. A leave is normally granted for a year, beginning in September or January, for serious health or personal reasons, or for parental leave. Deadlines for any coursework extensions falling during the leave period are extended to the day of the student's return. A maximum of two years of leave of absence may be granted under this paragraph. Further leaves can be granted only by the GCTS Coordinator for compelling compassionate reasons (such as additional parental leaves, or other in exceptional circumstances). Difficult cases may be referred to the GCTS Executive. The length of the leave of absence is not calculated towards the time limit for the completion of the program. A student on a leave of absence does not register, has no library privileges, and may make no demands upon

faculty resources. A student may request to return to studies at any time during their approved leave, in which case they will be registered at the start of the next academic session.

6.1.3 Lapsed candidacy.

Where on September 30th a student has failed to meet the requirements for maintaining candidacy for the current academic year, the Graduate Director or registrar of the college of registration shall make a reasonable effort to contact the student in order to determine whether the student intends to maintain candidacy or to withdraw. Where no contact can be made or no satisfactory response answer is received, the student's candidacy lapses. The student is then withdrawn from the program. A student may later petition for re-admission to the program; each such petition will be considered on its own merits. In addition, candidacy lapses in the case of a student who has exceeded the maximum time limit for the completion of the degree, including extensions.

6.1.4 Email communication.

Email to the account recorded on the TST student information system (TST-SIS), and/or the postal mail system, are the principal means of communication between the TST and the student. A student's failure to monitor his or her email account recorded on TST-SIS will not be considered an acceptable reason for failing to receive official correspondence from the TST, its colleges, or its faculty members. An email message from TST, its colleges, or its faculty members providing information or requesting timely response will be considered as delivered on the day that it is sent to the student's email account of record. TST faculty members are not required to open an email message from a student if it is not sent from an email account registered on TST-SIS. A student has the right to forward his or her electronic mail to another electronic mail service provider address but remains responsible for ensuring that all TST electronic message communications sent to the account recorded on TST-SIS are received and read. The student is required to honour the principles of TST's expectations concerning use of information and communication technology as articulated in the guidelines on Appropriate Use of Information and Communication Technology (available on the website of the Office of the Vice-President and Provost: <http://www.provost.utoronto.ca>, and follow the links).

6.2 Full-time/part-time status

An MA (USMC) student may complete the degree program entirely on a part-time basis. However, under provincial government and accreditation regulations, the student's college must declare to the government whether the student is studying on a full-time basis or on a part-time basis.

6.2.1 General rule.

An MA (USMC) student is considered full-time during the trimester if he or she is taking three courses for graduate degree credit.

6.2.2 Exceptions.

An MA (USMC) student taking fewer than three courses may still be considered full-time if he or she is also completing language requirements, completing course requirements, or working on the thesis. In such cases, the criteria for full-time studies are as follows:

- a) The student is pursuing studies as a full-time occupation and identifies himself or herself as a full-time student.

- b) The student is designated by the college of registration as a full-time student and is reported as such to the GCTS Office.
- c) The student is geographically available and studies on-campus regularly. If the student proposes to be off campus for a period of more than four weeks during the term, he or she must obtain the written permission of his or her supervisor, but must remain under supervision.
- d) The student is considered to be full-time by his or her supervisor.
- e) The student submits to the registrar of the college of registration a signed statement testifying that he or she is a full-time student. The statement will be worded in a manner similar to the following: "I regard myself as a full-time student. I regard my other time commitments as being compatible with the demands of full-time study." If the statement is submitted for the academic year, then the student is expected to remain a full-time student for the Summer trimester.
- f) The student's program advisor sends an annual report to the GCTS Office on the progress of the student and must include in the report a statement that the student is judged to be engaged in full-time studies.

6.3 Study outside TST

A student may petition to be permitted to fulfill certain program requirements by doing work at the graduate degree level outside the TST systems. The student must show that such external study will strongly support his or her educational objectives for the program, and that appropriate external courses are available. The student's faculty advisor, must signify his or her support of the petition before it can be considered by the GCTS Director, who then has the authority to grant it. No more than half the courses counted towards the student's degree requirements may be external courses. The registrar of the student's college of registration will advise how the external courses will be reported in the student's academic record.

6.4 Time limits

6.4.1 General rule.

The minimum term of study for an MA (USMC) student is two years. The maximum term of study for an MA (USMC) student is six years.

6.4.2 Program extension.

A student requiring more than six years to complete the program must complete the *Request for Program Extension Form* and submit the form to their college registrar. If approved, a program extension is normally granted for one year beginning in September or January. A student who desires a program extension for more than one year must submit a new petition each subsequent year. A maximum program extension of two years may be granted under this paragraph. Further program extensions can be granted by the GCTS only for compelling compassionate reasons.

6.5 Withdrawal

A student wishing to withdraw from the program must complete the *Withdrawal from Program Form* and submit it to the registrar of the college of registration, who will in turn notify the GCTS Office. A student who withdraws may petition for readmission at a later date; each such petition will be considered on its own merits.

7 Course requirements

7.1 Faculty advisor

The student's faculty advisor is normally the Graduate Director of the student's college of registration. The faculty advisor assists the student in designing a course of studies, with attention to her or his educational objectives as well as to general and departmental program area requirements. The advisor must authorize the student's course of studies. When necessary or appropriate, the advisor may refer the student to another faculty member for advice or supervision.

7.2 Advanced standing, transfer of credit, advanced placement

7.2.1 Definitions.

Advanced standing means that the student is exempted from taking one or more course units normally required in the program in consideration of the student's previous studies (including earned degrees). Transfer of credit means that the student receives one TST course credit for each equivalent course credit received at another recognized institution. Transfer credit cannot be given for courses which also have been used or will be used to meet the requirements of a degree which the student has earned or will earn elsewhere. Advanced placement means that the student is exempted from taking certain courses normally required in the program, but must take other courses to make up the total number of credits required in the program. Courses recognized under the provisions of advanced standing, transfer of credit or advanced placement normally must have been completed within five years of a student's registration in the program.

7.2.2 Award of advanced standing or transfer of credit.

Students who already possess an MDiv or an M.T.S. may receive advanced standing for any or all of the introductory 1000-level courses (see below, 7.4.1). Students without an MDiv or MTS may be awarded transfer credit for any or all of the introductory 1000-level courses. Courses taken outside TST need to be equivalent to the required TST course, providing a foundational survey of the subject area. Such awards may be made on admission by the Admissions Committee. After the student's admission, the award is recommended by the college Graduate Director, using the *Request for Advanced Standing/Transfer Credit Form*, and must be submitted by the published deadline. The GCTS Director reviews submissions for approval.

7.2.3 Advanced placement.

Students who in their prerequisite degree have the equivalent of one or more of the required 1000-level courses may be permitted to substitute courses in the same area at the 2000- or 3000-level. To be considered an equivalent, a course should provide a foundational survey of the subject area. Advanced placement is normally decided by the faculty advisor, in consultation with instructors of the required courses in question.

7.3 Types of courses

7.3.1 Levels of courses.

MA (USMC) students take five courses at the 1000-level (basic degree courses) and the remainder at the graduate degree level. There are three types of graduate courses: (a) Courses numbered in the 5000s, usually called 5000-level courses, are regularly scheduled on the TST timetable and are intended exclusively for graduate degree students. Only in cases of exceptional ability and academic background in the area will a basic degree student be allowed to register for a 5000-

level course, and then only with the written permission of the instructor, the student's Basic Degree Director and the TST GCTS Director. If accepted into a 5000-level course basic degree students must complete the advanced level requirements of the course and will be graded on the same basis as graduate students in the class. (b) 6000-level courses are regularly scheduled on the TST timetable, but may include, and usually will include, basic degree students who are fulfilling lesser requirements for a 3000-level credit. In exceptional cases a basic degree student may be allowed to register for a 6000-level course, with the written permission of the instructor and the student's Basic Degree Director. If accepted into a 6000-level course basic degree students must complete the advanced level requirements of the course and will be graded on the same basis as graduate students in the class. (c) 7000-level courses are Reading and Research courses at the graduate degree level. Such courses are not a standard part of the curriculum and professors are not required to supervise them; each 7000-level course must be approved by the GCTS prior to the commencement of study. A 7000-level course requires work equivalent to that of a 5000-level or 6000-level course.

7.3.2 Course scheduling.

Regularly scheduled (5000-level and 6000-level) courses meet for at least two hours a week during the trimester for a total of fourteen or fifteen weeks including reading week and examination week (except for the three-hour courses in the Pastoral and Practical Theology program area described in the previous paragraph).

7.4 Required courses

7.4.1 General requirements.

MA (USMC) students are required to take a total of twelve courses, in the following categories:

- a) One course at the 1000-level, providing a foundational introduction to the subject area, in each of the following areas:
 - History of Christianity (introductory courses at a 2000-level are also allowed [2010, 2210])
 - Theological foundations
 - Hebrew Scriptures/Old Testament
 - New Testament
 - Christian ethics
- b) SMJ5500H Research Methods, offered by the faculty of the University of St. Michael's College.
- c) One course from offerings at the 5000 or 6000 level in any of the four program areas of the Toronto School of Theology dealing with the intersection of Theology/Religion and any of the following: (1) World Religions (e.g. another religion, comparative religions, inter-religious dialogue, etc). (2) Humanities (e.g., art, literature, philosophy, political studies, etc.), (3) Social Sciences (e.g., anthropology, economics, psychology, sociology, etc.), or (4) Physical Sciences (e.g., cosmology, ecology, health sciences, etc.).
- d) Five elective courses in the area of specialization (biblical, historical, pastoral and practical, theological). At least two of these courses must be at the 5000 level, the remainder at the 5000, 6000 or 7000 level (except for some biblical language courses for students in the Biblical Studies program area; see 7.4.2.2). No more than two 7000 level Reading and Research courses may be taken for credit towards the MA (USMC).

7.4.2 Program area requirements concerning electives

7.4.2.1 Electives in the Theology Studies program area:

Students concentrating in theology are expected to take at least four of their elective courses in the department. Two of these courses must be at the 5000 level.

7.4.2.2 Electives in the Biblical Studies program area:

Students concentrating in Biblical studies must take four of their elective courses in the Biblical Studies program area. Two of these courses must be at the 5000 level. Up to two courses in Greek or Hebrew beyond the introductory level can serve as electives.

7.4.2.3 Electives in the Historical Studies program area:

Five courses are required from the Historical Studies program area, one of which must be an approved graduate level course in historiography. Other courses chosen will demonstrate (1) a balance among history of thought, institutions and relations outside Christianity, and (2) a variety of periods, traditions, and areas.

7.5 Language courses

Courses in Biblical languages may be taken for credit, but they do not count towards the total courses required for the degree (except for those specified in 7.4.2.2). Students taking these courses must request that the GCTS Administrator or their college registrar change their course registration from credit (CRE) to extra (EXT), as such courses will not be used in the calculation of a student's grade-point average (GPA). Language course grades, nevertheless, will still appear on transcripts.

7.6 Course registration

7.6.1 General registration procedures.

The student must register for courses through TST-SIS. There are three periods for course registration in the academic year, one before each of the three trimesters. Dates vary from year to year; students should consult "Key Academic Dates" at www.tst.edu.

7.6.2 Limited enrolment courses.

For any course with limited enrolment, students may register through their college registrar. Registration for limited enrolment courses is on a first come, first served basis.

7.6.3 Courses requiring the instructor's permission.

Where a course description indicates that the permission of the professor is required for registering in the course, the student must contact the instructor for permission and instructions on enrolment.

7.6.4 Reading and research courses.

A student registering for a Reading and Research (7000-level) course must complete a reading course form in consultation with the instructor, obtain the required signatures, and submit it to the GCTS Office by the prescribed deadline for the semester in which the course to be offered.

7.7 Auditing of Graduate Courses

The colleges offering the course determines if it wishes to allow auditing of their courses and which groups of students and non-students it wishes to allow. When auditing is allowed, the final decision to permit an individual to audit rests with the instructor of the course. In all cases, students registered in TST who wish to audit courses have priority over non-TST students. An auditor may attend lectures and other class meetings, take part in class discussions, and, when

the appropriate fee is paid, receive written confirmation of attendance. An auditor will not receive evaluations of participation and will not be allowed to submit assignments or write examinations and tests except by special and express permission. Audited courses are recorded on a student's transcript. The student must complete the appropriate registration form and submit it to the registrar of the college offering the course. Each TST college sets its own fees for auditing courses for registered and non-registered students. An audited course may not later be converted to a credit course.

The [Code of Student Conduct](#) applies to auditors. Further information about access, certificates of attendance, and fees for auditing may be obtained from the college of the instructor.

7.8 Grading scale

All courses must be completed with a final grade of at least B- to be credited to the required courses of a graduate degree program. All grades are recorded in the student's academic history as a letter grade. A student's sessional grade point average (SGPA) and cumulative grade point average (CGPA) are calculated on the basis of the letter grades. Instructors may assign letter grades for all coursework, or they may choose to assign percentage grades for individual assignments or evaluations, which are then used as the basis for determining a final letter grade. For basic degree language courses, grades are recorded as a percentage grade with a corresponding letter grade.

Letter Grade	Numerical Equivalent	Grade Point	Grasp of Subject Matter	Further qualities expected of students
A RANGE Excellent: Student shows original thinking, analytic & synthetic ability, critical evaluation, broad knowledge base				
A+	90-100	4	Profound & creative	Strong evidence of original thought, analytic and synthetic ability; sound and penetrating critical evaluations which identify assumptions of those they study as well as their own; extensive knowledge base
A	85-89	4	Outstanding	
A-	80-84	3.7	Excellent	Clear evidence of original thinking and of analytic and synthetic ability; sound critical evaluations; broad knowledge base
B RANGE Good: Student shows critical capacity & analytic ability; understanding of relevant issues, familiarity with the literature				
B+	77-79	3.3	Very Good	Good critical capacity and analytic ability; reasonable understanding of relevant issues; good familiarity with the literature
B	73-76	3	Good	
B-	70-72	2.7	Satisfactory at a post-baccalaureate level	Adequate critical capacity and analytic ability; some understanding of relevant issues; some familiarity with the literature
FZ	0-69	0	Failure	Failure to meet above criteria
NCR	none	0		

In addition, the following non-grade course reports may be entered on TST-SIS by the college registrar subject to the policies in Sec. 7.9:

INC (Permanent Incomplete). This is assigned in special circumstances where course requirements have not been completed but a failing grade is inappropriate or unwarranted (e.g., medical reasons, extenuating circumstances, change in a student's situation). INC carries no credit for the course and is not considered for averaging purposes. This course report is subject to the conditions contained in Sec. 7.9.4.

SDF (Standing Deferred). This is assigned when a student has been granted an extension to complete the requirements for a course. SDF carries no credit for the course and is not considered for averaging purposes.

WDR (Withdrawn). This is assigned when a student has withdrawn from a course with no academic penalty, subject to the conditions in Sec. 7.9.4.

7.9 Course deadlines

Professors are responsible to ensure that clear deadlines are established for the completion of all course work, within the parameters outlined below. Students are responsible for submitting all work for each course by the established deadline or seeking an extension from the professor.

7.9.1 Prima facie deadline.

The *prima facie* deadline for the completion of work in a course is the last day of the examination week for the trimester in which the course is taken. For courses taken during the summer session, the *prima facie* deadline is the last day of the semester (normally mid-August), identified under “Key Academic Dates” at www.tst.edu.

7.9.2 Grade Submission.

Grades shall be submitted by the dates published under “Key Academic Dates” at <https://www.tst.edu>. However, some colleges have established earlier deadlines than those noted on the website for the submission of grades. Instructors are bound to the earlier dates. Instructors may prescribe penalties for late completion of work and for failure to complete work, provided that these penalties are announced at the time the instructor makes available to the class the methods by which student performance shall be evaluated.

7.9.3 Coursework Extensions.

Students are expected to meet the course deadlines of the instructor offering the course and are advised to plan their research projects accordingly. Students who find themselves unable to meet deadlines for completing coursework can, under certain conditions, receive extensions for completing the work after the dates set by the college in which the course is offered.

7.9.3.1 Petitions.

The authority to grant an extension for the completion of work in a course beyond the original TST or college deadline (whichever is earlier) for that course rests with the student’s college Graduate Director, not the instructor of the course. Nevertheless, the instructor’s signature is required for course extension requests to be processed. Students will petition their college Graduate Director for extensions, using a standard form provided by TST at <https://www.tst.edu> under “Resources and Forms”.

The deadline for requesting an initial extension is the deadline for completion of coursework for courses offered in the relevant session. (See 7.9.1)

A student on extension who is unable to complete the required coursework in the extension period specified by the college Graduate Director may apply to their college Graduate Director for a continuation of the extension (subject to the time limits and deadlines for extensions, set out below); however, the student must make such a request before the expiry date of the extension period in place.

7.9.3.2 Grounds.

Legitimate reasons for an extension can be academic in nature (e.g., unexpected problems of research in a course) or non-academic (e.g., illness). In order to ensure as much uniformity and

fairness as possible in the granting of extensions (or continuations of extensions), the relevant college Graduate Director must be reasonably certain that:

1. the reasons for the delay are both serious and substantiated: the student must provide a statement detailing the reasons, together with a physician's letter in the case of illness;
2. the student would not be granted an unfair academic advantage over fellow students in the course;
3. the student would not be placing in jeopardy the normal and satisfactory completion of new coursework; and
4. the student does have a reasonable chance of completing outstanding requirements within the time to be allotted.

7.9.3.3 Time Limits.

If a college Graduate Director grants a petition for a first extension, she/he must specify an extension period, which is not to run beyond the following deadlines:

April 12, 2019	Fall session (Y, H) courses
August 12, 2019	Fall/Winter session (Y) and Winter session (Y, H) courses
December 13, 2019	Summer session courses

A college Graduate Director may grant a continuation of an extension that is already in place provided that it does not extend the total period of the extension beyond the foregoing deadlines.

Extensions beyond these deadlines will require the approval of both the college Graduate Director and the GCTS Coordinator. Requests for extensions beyond these deadlines must be submitted before the expiry of the previous extension or the last day to submit signed approval requests for the subsequent semester (published at www.tst.edu), whichever is earlier.

7.9.3.4 Course registration with one or more SDFs.

If a student has been granted an extension beyond August 31, he or she may register for no more than three courses in the Fall semester. If a second extension should be granted, a student may register in no more than two new courses for the Fall semester. A student who registers at the beginning of the academic year for courses in the Winter trimester will be required to drop courses which are excess according to this regulation, if SDFs have not been completed in the Fall trimester. Compliance with this regulation does not necessarily affect the student's full-time status.

7.9.4 Failure to meet deadlines.

If a student has not submitted any outstanding coursework by an established deadline (either the course deadline or other approved extension deadlines), the professor's submitted grade shall be the actual grade earned in the course, calculated with zero assigned to any coursework that is still incomplete. The use of non-grade course reports, such as INC, and amendments to submitted grades in such cases, must be approved by the GCTS Director.

7.9.5 Registration procedures for extended completion of coursework.

A student who has taken all courses required for his or her program but has not yet completed all coursework or language requirements is not permitted to proceed to the thesis stage. Such a student, during the time she or he is continuing work on the requirements of the course stage,

will be registered at the beginning of each academic session with the course placeholder code TSZ7777YY "Research". The student cannot enter this placeholder code directly in the TST-SIS registration system; registration must be done by the registrar of his or her college of registration.

7.9.6 Deadlines for courses taken outside the TST.

A student taking a course offered by the School of Graduate Studies (SGS) or another entity outside the TST is bound to the policies of that institution. For SGS courses, SDFs are not routinely assigned and extensions cannot be granted beyond the end of the trimester following the end of the course (except, on rare occasions, with the approval of the Admissions and Programs Committee of SGS). If issued an extension by SGS or another entity outside the TST, the student must submit a copy of all relevant documentation to the GCTS Office.

7.9.7 Minimum grade average.

All courses must be completed with a grade of at least B- to be credited to the required courses of an MA (USMC) program. Further, the student must obtain an overall average of at least B+ (CGPA 3.3) on all courses required in the MA (USMC) program, with no grade below B- in any course, in order to proceed to the thesis stage. If a student receives a failing grade (FZ) in any course, the student's college will review the student's performance in the program and make recommendations to the GCTS. The recommendation will normally be that the student's candidacy be terminated. If there are extenuating circumstances or other legitimate considerations, however, the college may recommend that the student be allowed to continue under certain specified conditions. (The conditions should include an indication of whether and how the failing grade will factor into the decision to allow the student to proceed to the thesis stage of the program.) The GCTS will make a final determination about the student's status in the program. If the student is allowed to continue, he or she must repeat the relevant course or replace it with another course, and obtain a satisfactory grade. The report for the course that was not completed in a satisfactory manner as well as the report for the repeated or alternative course will appear on the student's academic record. For repeated or alternate courses only, the original failing grade will not be counted in the student's CGPA.

8 The Thesis

Following the satisfactory completion of required coursework and language study, MA (USMC) students research and write a thesis. Students are advised to meet with the Graduate Director at their college of registration to ensure that they have completed all requirements and to consult about the thesis stage of the program.

8.1 The thesis supervisor and the thesis examination committee

Thesis Supervisor. The initial association of the student and the prospective thesis supervisor is a process of mutual selection, though the initiative usually lies with the student to seek out a faculty member willing to serve in this capacity. The thesis supervisor must be a professor with GCTS status. **Thesis Examination Committee.** The thesis examination committee is composed of the thesis supervisor, and two other readers with graduate GCTS status. This committee is recommended by the thesis supervisor and appointed by the GCTS.

8.2 The thesis proposal

The student prepares a thesis proposal in consultation with the thesis supervisor.

8.2.1 Registration.

Students can submit a proposal for approval in the semester in which they complete their coursework and other requirements for the degree. Students whose other degree requirements have been completed but whose thesis topic has not yet been approved register for TSZ8888 (Thesis Proposal).

8.2.2 Refinement of a thesis topic.

8.2.2.1 Criteria for an acceptable thesis topic.

An acceptable thesis topic will meet the following criteria. (a) The topic falls within a program area. (b) There is a sufficient body of material concerning the topic to warrant a thesis. (c) The disciplinary method to be employed is appropriate and comes within the scope of the program area. (d) If the topic relates to a living author or recent event or issue, the topic is recognized as significant and secondary literature exists in regard to it. (e) The topic is sufficiently focused and manageable to allow the student to develop a thesis statement which can be persuasively argued on the basis of primary evidence within the scope of between 12,500 and 30,000 words. (f) The student has sufficient skills in the requisite languages and auxiliary disciplines.

8.2.2.2 Research involving human subjects.

Research involving human subjects is subject to the standards and policies established by the Office of Research Ethics at the University of Toronto. Students must contact the GCTS Office regarding the procedure for such ethics approvals. Ethics approvals must be granted **before** students commence their research with human subjects.

8.2.3 Form and contents of the thesis proposal.

8.2.3.1 Constituent parts.

The thesis proposal must contain the following elements.

8.2.3.1.1 Title page.

This includes the thesis title, the student's name, the name of the thesis supervisor, the student's program, the student's program area, the student's college of registration, and the date of submission.

8.2.3.1.2 Introduction.

The most important part of the Introduction is the thesis statement, setting out in the briefest possible form the exact proposition or hypothesis which the thesis will demonstrate. The Introduction also provides the context necessary to show why the thesis statement is important. To this end it identifies the research question and describes its broader setting in academic research. It gives attention to previous enquiry and available secondary literature (the *status quaestionis*). The Introduction should also include a description of the project as a whole.

8.2.3.1.3 Methodology.

This section describes the relevant primary literature and the methods to be used for interpreting it. It gives a rationale for the method and indicates how it will be used to generate dependable conclusions and verify the thesis statement.

8.2.3.1.4 Procedure.

This section describes how the exposition will be developed, including how it will be organized by chapters or areas, with a brief topical description of what is to be covered in each chapter or area. The interrelation of these chapters or areas ought to be described briefly as well.

8.2.3.1.5 Implications.

Depending upon the student's program area, the theological, biblical, historical or pastoral implications of the study must be clearly and concisely set forth in the proposal.

8.2.3.1.6 Bibliography.

A working bibliography must be presented. It should be appropriately categorized; in all cases the primary and secondary literature should be distinguished, and other divisions may be appropriate as well.

8.2.4 Length.

The thesis proposal should be no more than 4000 words in length, not including bibliography.

8.2.5 Evaluation.

Once the thesis proposal is completed to the satisfaction of the thesis supervisor, the thesis supervisor will forward the proposal to the other members of the thesis examination committee. The other readers will report their findings to the thesis supervisor as soon as possible. If revisions are advised by the readers, the student must submit a revised version of that proposal on the same subject area within three months from the date that the original proposal was declined. Failure of the revised proposal to meet the approval of the committee will result in the student's withdrawal from the program. The supervisor will report the acceptance or non-acceptance of the thesis proposal, using the Thesis Proposal Approval Form, to the TST GCTS Office, and the student's school of registration, and will forward a copy of the final version of the thesis proposal to the TST GCTS Office. The thesis supervisor is responsible for informing the student of the decision on the proposal within the week following the meeting in which it was considered.

8.3 Thesis writing and examination

8.3.1 Registration.

A student beginning work on a thesis completes the post-coursework registration form in the Registrar's office of his or her college of registration during the registration period of the first trimester following the approval of the thesis proposal.

8.3.2 Form.

8.3.2.1 Conformity with proposal.

The structure of the thesis should accord as closely as possible with that contained in the thesis proposal.

8.3.2.2 Length.

The text of the thesis and footnotes, excluding bibliography, shall be at least 12,500 and no more than 30,000 words. Should a thesis exceed 30,000 words, no professor is under obligation to read or examine it, nor is the TST obliged to find a professor who is willing to do so.

8.3.2.3 Style.

The thesis must conform to the GCTS style regulation (see sections 8.3.3 and 9), and spelling must be consistent with a recognized Canadian standard.

8.3.2.4 Title page.

The title page of the Thesis shall include the following elements: (i) the title and subtitle (on the upper third of the page); (ii) the student's full legal name as on TST-SIS (no nicknames, diminutives, aliases, or post-nominal letters); (iii) the degree specification (below); (iv) a notice of copyright with year of convocation (at the bottom of the page).

8.3.2.4.1 Degree specification for an MA (USMC) thesis.

“A Thesis submitted to the Faculty of ... College and the Graduate Centre for Theological Studies of the Toronto School of Theology. In partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Arts in Theology awarded by the University of St. Michael’s College.”

8.3.2.5 Abstract.

The thesis must include a brief abstract, of a maximum of 150 words, of the thesis on the page following the title page.

8.3.2.6 Table of contents.

The thesis must include a table of contents following the abstract.

8.3.2.7 Bibliography.

The thesis must include a bibliography at the end. The bibliography must distinguish primary from secondary sources in separate categories. It may include sub-categories as appropriate.

8.3.3 Technical requirements.

Theses submitted for evaluation, and eventual T-Space submission, shall adhere to the formatting requirements of the TST “Thesis Template” and *Electronic Thesis & Dissertation Manual* found at <https://www.tst.edu/academic/thesis-submission-convocation-information>.

8.3.4 Approval of the thesis supervisor.

When the thesis supervisor is satisfied that the thesis is ready for examination, he or she sends a letter to the GCTS Office certifying that this is the case. Before submitting the thesis, the student should be assured that the thesis supervisor is satisfied that it is ready to go forward. Nevertheless, if the thesis supervisor is not so satisfied, the student may, after advising the thesis supervisor of his or her intention to do so, seek the permission of the GCTS Director to send the thesis to examination without the approval of the thesis supervisor.

8.3.5 Submission of copies.

After the thesis is approved by the thesis supervisor, the student submits to the GCTS Office three unbound, double-sided copies of the manuscript, individually contained in letter-size expandable and re-sealable envelopes. The expandable envelopes should be of a high enough quality for the thesis to be shipped to the examiners and for the examiner to carry it around for at least two months. The envelope should have a flap. The GCTS Office will distribute the copies of the thesis to the readers. Only the GCTS Office has the authority to distribute copies of theses to readers; evaluations of theses otherwise distributed will not be recorded.

8.3.6 Deadline.

While theses may be submitted at any time, deadlines have been established for those wanting to graduate at the next convocation. These deadlines are published each year under “Key Academic Dates” at <https://www.tst.edu>. Even if the student meets the deadline, no guarantee can be given that unforeseen circumstances will not prevent the student from graduating at the next convocation. If possible, therefore, the student should submit the thesis well in advance of the deadline.

8.3.7 Examination.

The completed thesis is examined by the thesis examination committee (see. Sec. 8.1). The examiners shall report within one month of their receiving the thesis. Each examiner will submit a written report and, on a separate page, a number and a letter grade for the thesis to the GCTS

Director, who will average the grades reported and assign that grade to the thesis. In order for the thesis to merit a pass, the three assigned grades each need to be at least B- and the average of the three grades needs to be at least B (GPA 3.0). The examiner should also provide a list of any minor corrections (e.g., typographical errors, stylistic changes) that should be made before a student submits the bound copies. If an examiner feels that there are revisions that need to be made before a grade can be assigned, he or she should provide the GCTS Office with a written description. If there are problems with the reports (e.g., a disparity in the assigned grades), the GCTS Director may call the examiners together for consultation. The consultation may include the student if the GCTS Director feels that this is appropriate. The examiners may pass the thesis, fail it, or ask that it be revised as a result of the consultation. If revisions are to be made before a grade can be assigned, the student should submit a written indication of the changes that have been made (normally a general description plus a list of pages, though a highlighted version might also be acceptable). The time required for the student's revisions and the re-reading of the thesis may impede a student's ability to graduate at their intended convocation. It is the responsibility of the supervisor to communicate the required revisions to the student.

8.3.8 Emendations.

After the examination of the thesis, the student must prepare a final version of the thesis with the typographical corrections directed by the examiners of the thesis.

8.3.9 Clearance for graduation.

8.3.9.1 Application to graduate.

Students must apply to both their college of registration and the University of St. Michael's College to graduate at the convocation ceremony immediately following their eligibility to graduate. Candidates for graduation must then follow the regulations in effect at that college regarding convocation. A student is eligible to graduate when he or she has met (a) all program requirements for the degree, and (b) any additional graduation requirements imposed or enforced by his or her college of registration or the college granting the degree.

Students approved for graduation will graduate under the name specified on the TST student information system (TST-SIS). This name appears on all marks reports provided to students on various occasions throughout each academic year. The student may request a change or correction of name through her or his college registrar on a form prescribed for that purpose, which must be accompanied by supporting documentation. Such requests must be made a minimum of six weeks prior to the date of the convocation ceremony.

8.3.9.2 Deposit of copies of the thesis.

When the student has made such revisions as have been required by the thesis examination committee, he or she must upload the final digital version of the thesis onto TSpace, the University of Toronto's on-line digital repository, and submit a Theses Non-Exclusive License Form to the GCTS Office. Such uploads must be completed and approved by individual deadlines established by the GCTS Office. TST colleges will not confer the degree until the GCTS Office has confirmed that the digital thesis has been formatted according to the regulations specified in the *Electronic Thesis & Dissertation Manual* and "Thesis Template", the thesis successfully uploaded to TSpace, and the TSpace fee paid. Some colleges require the submission of a hardbound copy prior to graduation (Students should consult with their college registrar). Instructions and deadlines about digital thesis submissions and T-Space are available through the GCTS Office (see "After Your Submission" at www.tst.edu).

8.3.9.3 Conditions on graduation.

Some TST Colleges will not confer the degree before appropriately bound copies of theses in sufficient number have been deposited.

8.3.9.4 Student Indebtedness.

A college may suspend a student's eligibility to graduate, and may withhold a student's parchment and academic transcripts, where the student has outstanding tuition fees, unpaid library fines, or other indebtedness to their TST college, another TST college, or the University of Toronto.

9 Papers and theses

9.1 Paper and printing

Essays for courses and seminars and thesis proposals must be printed from a word-processing file or typewritten in double-spaced format on good quality white paper. Theses are to be printed from a word-processing file on good quality white paper with a laser or laser-quality printer.

9.2 Style regulation

Essays, thesis proposals, and theses are to be prepared according to the rules of style in the latest edition of Kate L. Turabian et al., *A Manual for Writers of Term Papers, Theses and Dissertations* (9th ed.; Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2018). This may be supplemented by *The Canadian Style: Guide to Writing and Editing* (Toronto: Dundurn Press, 2008). Chapter 14 of the latter work, "Elimination of Stereotyping in Written Communication," is a helpful guide to the avoidance of stereotyping on sexual, racial or ethnic grounds and to the "fair and representative depiction of people with disabilities." Final TSpace submission must adhere to the requirements of the *Electronic Thesis & Dissertation Manual* and "Thesis template" provided on the TST website: <https://www.tst.edu/academic/thesis-submission-convocation-information>. See also the guidelines for unbiased language on the University website (go to <http://www.writing.utoronto.ca/advice> and follow the links). TST supports the policy of inclusive language and urges the use of inclusive language in all academic assignments.

9.3 Proofreading

The student is responsible for accuracy in typography, spelling, punctuation, word divisions, and grammar, and for proper style. An instructor may deduct marks from an essay for defects in any of these respects. An examiner of a thesis may require that the thesis be returned to the student for revisions of defects in any of these respects, resulting in the postponement of the examination of the thesis. Thesis proposals and theses must be entirely free of error in all of these respects.

10 Tuition fees and other charges

A schedule of fees is published annually on the TST website. The TST Chief Officers Representing Member Schools (CORMS), which comprises the heads of the TST member colleges, approves tuition fee increases, normally within the *Tuition Fee Framework and Ancillary Fee Guidelines for Publically-Assisted Universities*. Member colleges approve annual ancillary and incidental fee rates through their own governance processes, normally within the same guidelines. Students pay fees directly to their home college. Details of payment methods are available from the student's college registrar.

Since MA (USMC) students do not pay ancillary fees for Student Life (UofT) they are not eligible to receive any services offered by Student Life. Students who require accommodation for academic purposes should contact their College Registrar for further information.

11 Academic Appeals

11.1 General considerations

A graduate (AD) student of a member college of the TST may appeal a grade or an academic decision which affects him or her adversely and which he or she considers to be unfair or unreasonable. Appeals may be made concerning grades for courses or papers; decisions of an advisory or supervisory committee; results of a language examination; evaluation of general or comprehensive examinations; evaluation of theses; decisions about a student's continuation in a program; or any other decision involving academic requirements and regulations as they pertain to a student. Decisions made by the GCTS Admissions Committee concerning admission and related matters are not subject to appeal. Issues relating to non-academic matters are not to be considered by the GSC Academic Appeals Committee.

An appeal may also be made by a person not currently registered who was registered at the time the adverse grade was submitted or the adverse decision was taken, unless the student has since graduated from the degree program (and subject to the timelines noted in the sections below). The standard of review is reasonableness and fairness.

11.2 Guiding Principles

The implementation of all appeals shall be informed by the principles identified in the policy document of the Governing Council of the University of Toronto entitled [Policy on Academic Appeals within Divisions](#), which is available from the website of Governing Council.

These principles may be summarized as (a) diversity, equity, and accommodation; (b) consistency; (c) flexibility; (d) transparency and timeliness; (e) fairness and confidentiality; (f) the goal of academic excellence. Deadlines defined in this section may be adjusted to accommodate the particular circumstances of the appeal and to avoid inappropriate prejudice to the student, the college or colleges involved, and the TST. The student may raise matters of concern at any time during the process of appeal without fear of disadvantage. TST's standard of review is fairness and reasonableness.

11.2.1 Timely resolution.

All parties involved in an appeal have the right to expect timely progress of an appeal through its several stages and a timely resolution. Accordingly, students, faculty members, administrative bodies and any others involved in an appeal have a responsibility to be aware of the pertinent timelines and to respond appropriately. Where warranted by particular circumstances, the Director, GCTS, has the authority to waive or extend deadlines. In cases of appeals to the GSC Academic Appeals Committee, the TST Registrar has the authority to waive or extend deadlines. The TST Registrar may consult with the TST Director regarding issues related to timeliness.

11.2.2 Confidentiality.

Students are assured that throughout the process they can raise matters of proper concern to them without fear of disadvantage and in the knowledge that privacy and confidentiality will be appropriately respected. Documentation and other evidence related to the appeal are

confidential, meaning that only those persons have access who require it for the performance of their duties in respect of the appeal.

11.3 Channels of recourse

Dispute Concerning:	Step 1: Informal Resolution	Step 2: Initial Appeal	Step 3: TST Appeal	Step 4: St. Michael's College Appeal
Grades (courses, language exams)	Instructor of course	Director, GCTS	GSC Academic Appeals Committee	St. Michael's AD Appeal Committee
Advisory or Supervisory Committee	GCTS Coordinator	Director, GCTS	GSC Academic Appeals Committee	St. Michael's AD Appeal Committee
General Exams	GCTS Coordinator	Director, GCTS	GSC Academic Appeals Committee	St. Michael's AD Appeal Committee
Thesis Examination	Not applicable	Not applicable	GSC Academic Appeals Committee	St. Michael's AD Appeal Committee
Termination of Candidacy	Not applicable	Not applicable	GSC Academic Appeals Committee	St. Michael's AD Appeal Committee
1 st Extension (courses, program)	College Graduate Director	GCTS Coordinator	GSC Academic Appeals Committee	St. Michael's AD Appeal Committee
2 nd or additional extensions (courses, program)	GCTS Coordinator	Director, GCTS	GSC Academic Appeals Committee	St. Michael's AD Appeal Committee
Other	Director, GCTS	GCTS Executive	GSC Academic Appeals Committee	St. Michael's AD Appeal Committee

11.3.1 Informal and Formal resolution.

Every attempt should be made to resolve the matter informally (Step 1 in the table above). Students are encouraged to meet with an appropriate adviser, in the following order: the college Graduate Director, GCTS Coordinator, Director, GCTS, TST Director, in order to acquire information and to receive advice about the process. If that attempt is unsuccessful, then the matter may proceed to a formal appeal at Step 2.

11.3.2 Disputed grade.

Instructor Reread or Reassessment

1. With respect to written work (including coursework exams and coursework essays), the student must first request a rereading of the written work by the instructor who assigned the grade. With respect to non-written work, the student must first request a reassessment of the work by the instructor who assigned the grade. The request for a rereading or reassessment must be made in writing *within 30 days of the grade being released on ROSI*. The instructor shall reread the written work or reassess the non-written work, and discuss it with the student, explaining the reasons for the grade in writing, *within 30 days of receiving the request for rereading or reassessment*.

2. The instructor should apply, as nearly as possible, the same standard on the reread or reassessment as he/she applied originally. The purpose of the reread or reassessment is to provide clarification and context to the grade assigned. The instructor should change a grade only if he or she is convinced that it is wrong. An instructor may change a grade only by increasing it. Where an instructor decides to change a grade, the instructor shall submit the new grade to the college dean or principal for approval prior to communicating the new grade to the student.
3. If a student has made reasonable efforts to request a rereading or reassessment of his/her work and has been unable to make contact with the instructor or if the instructor has not provided timely and relevant comments, then the student may contact the Director, GCTS either to facilitate obtaining the instructor's comments within the prescribed timeframe, to extend the deadline or, failing that, the Director, GCTS may decide that the appeal proceed directly to the second reader.
4. If the student does not feel that sufficient explanation has been given for the grade, or if the student is not satisfied with the new grade given by the instructor, the student may submit an appeal to the TST Registrar's Office. The appeal must be accompanied by written grounds and must be submitted in writing *within 30 days of the date on which the instructor communicated to the student the outcome of his/her reread or reassessment.*

Appeals relating to non-written work

1. Where the appeal is taken from a grade based on non-written work, the appeal shall go directly to the GSC Academic Appeals Committee. The GSC Academic Appeals Committee shall have before it any submissions from the student and instructor relating to the appeal of the assessment (the "assessment record").

Second Reader Assessment for Grade Appeals Based on Written Work

1. Where the appeal is of a grade based on written work, the Director, GCTS shall arrange for an assessment of the written work by a second reader, chosen by Director, GCTS after consultation with both the instructor and the student. The second reader shall have appropriate expertise in the subject matter of the written work. The Director, GCTS shall give the student's written reasons for the appeal to the second reader and a copy shall be provided to the Instructor. The Director, GCTS shall also give the instructor's written explanation of the grade to the second reader and a copy shall be provided to the student.
2. When reviewing the written work, the student's written reasons for the appeal and the instructor's explanation of the appeal (the "grade appeal record"), the second reader shall apply the standard of whether a reasonable marker could have reached the same conclusion as the instructor did in the same circumstances. In applying the standard, the second reader may consider other materials relating to the course, such as the written work of other students, and the course outline in the syllabus. The second reader shall render a recommendation on the written work within 30 days of receiving the grade appeal record.
3. If, after reviewing the grade appeal record, the second reader decides that a reasonable marker could not have reached the same conclusion, the second reader shall recommend a grade for the written work that he or she believes a reasonable marker would have assigned. A second reader may recommend a change of grade by either increasing or

decreasing it. The second reader shall give reasons for his/her decision, either to affirm or change the grade, for approval to the Director, GCTS. The Director, GCTS shall assign the final grade.

11.3.3 Disputed decision of the supervisory committee, general examinations committee, or thesis supervisory committee (except for decisions made by the Admissions Committee).

In respect of the matters named in this regulation, the student has recourse first to the Director, GCTS, and initiates the appeal by letter at Step 2. The Director, GCTS, at his/her discretion, may refer to the matter to the GCTS Executive for review. If the student is not satisfied with the explanation given or the steps taken to remedy the situation, he or she has the right to appeal the matter to the GSC Academic Appeals Committee (following the procedure outlined in Sec. 11.5).

11.3.4 Appeal of Extensions (courses, program, examinations).

The student may appeal the decision regarding extensions to courses, examination timelines, or program extensions. The appeal is directed according to the steps 1 and 2, with final recourse being an appeal to the GSC Academic Appeals Committee (following the procedure outlined in Sec. 11.5). At Step 2, the Director, GCTS, at his/her discretion, may refer to the matter to the GCTS Executive for review.

11.3.5 Disputed evaluation of a thesis.

The student may only appeal the evaluation of a thesis or final oral examination to the GSC Academic Appeals Committee at Step 3 (following the procedure outlined in Sec. 11.5).

11.3.6 Timelines.

The student must begin the process of appeal within thirty days of having received written notification of the ruling, evaluation, or grade in question. If the appeal is to the GSC Academic Appeals Committee, a written response should be provided within sixty calendar days.

11.3.7 Right of Appeal to the Advanced Degree Appeals Committee of the Faculty of Theology, University of St. Michael's College.

All MA (USMC) degree students have the right to appeal the final result of a TST appeals process (Step 3) to the Dean of the Faculty of Theology of the University of St. Michael's College, who will convene the Advanced Degree Appeals Committee at the Faculty of Theology, University of St. Michael's College to hear the matter. Further information is available from the Dean of the Faculty of Theology.

11.4 GSC Academic Appeals Committee

The GSC Academic Appeals Committee hears academic appeals from TST graduate (AD) students. It has power to issue the final decision. MA (USMC) students have the right to appeal to the Advanced Degree Appeals Committee of the Faculty of Theology, University of St. Michael's College. (See Sec. 11.3.7.)

11.4.1 Membership.

The Director, GCTS shall recommend the membership of the GSC Academic Appeals Committee to the GSC for approval. The GSC Academic Appeals Committee consists of three persons: one faculty member of the GSC, a member of the Faculty of Theology of the University of St. Michael's College, and a graduate (AD) student. The GSC faculty member will be appointed by the GSC as

Chair of the GSC Academic Appeals Committee. In addition, the GSC should identify at least one alternate member for each individual on the committee. Alternate members may be appointed by the Director, GCTS, or designate, in situations where a conflict of interest has been identified or where a regular member is unable to serve. Student members and alternates are identified in consultation with the TST Graduate Students' Association. The TST Registrar is a non-voting member who serves as Secretary. Faculty members are typically appointed for two-year terms, while students are typically appointed annually.

The GSC Academic Appeals Committee's decisions are made by a simple majority of the three voting members of the committee. In other words, the decision does not have to be unanimous. The Chair has a vote. In the event of a non-unanimous decision, the Chair will release a majority decision, accompanied by a dissenting opinion.

11.5 Procedures for TST appeals

11.5.1 Initiation of the Appeal.

The student (or former student qualified under Sec. 11.1) initiates the appeal by filling in the form provided online at <https://www.tst.edu/>. The submission of an appeal should include the following: identification of the decision being appealed; name or names of the person or persons who made the decision, if known; the resolution being sought; reasons that the original reason is thought to be incorrect and that the proposed resolution is more appropriate; a list of supporting documentation, if any; and copies of the supporting documentation in the student's possession. The appellant is advised to consult qualified counsel when preparing the statement of appeal.

Any party to an appeal, may at his/her expense, be represented by counsel or other agent at any stage of the appeal process.

In the case of a matter under Sec. 11.3.2-4, the appeal must be received by the TST Registrar within three months of the appellant's receipt of notification of the decision made at Step 2. In the case of a matter under Sec. 11.3.5, the appeal must be received by the TST Registrar within three months of the date of the final oral examination.

The above time limits can be extended at the discretion of the TST Registrar at the request of the appellant. The TST Registrar may consult with the TST Director.

11.5.2 Right of Withdrawal.

The student may withdraw the appeal at any time.

11.5.3 Withdrawal due to Non-Response.

If the student initiates an appeal, but does not respond to a request for revision of the appeal or to attempts to schedule an appeal hearing within ten business days, the appeal will be considered withdrawn. The TST Registrar will notify the student in writing that the TST has withdrawn the appeal because of non-response.

11.5.4 Additional Documentation.

In filing an appeal, the student gives permission for all those involved in adjudicating the appeal, including administrative staff, to have access to records that are or may be relevant to the matter of the appeal, including records relating to himself or herself. The student should make disclosure at an early stage of any and all information relevant to the disposition of the appeal.

11.5.5 Acknowledgment of receipt.

Within ten business days of the receipt of the appeal by the TST Registrar's Office (or, in the period between June 1 and August 31, within sixty calendar days), the TST Registrar sends a letter to the appellant acknowledging receipt of the appeal. If the Registrar identifies any deficiencies in the appeal or its documentation, the Registrar may set a deadline by which such deficiencies must be addressed if the appeal is to go forward. The letter should also indicate that the appeal will be conducted according to the regulations set out in this Handbook.

11.5.6 Response of interested parties.

Within 10 business days of the receipt of the confirmed appeal by the TST Registrar's Office (or, in the period between June 1 and August 31, within forty-five days), the TST Registrar sends the appellant's statement to those named in the appeal or otherwise directly concerned in the appeal and/or the person having responsibility for the previous decision, and invites a response in writing.

The Respondent(s) have thirty days in which to file their response. This period of time can be extended at the discretion of the TST Registrar at the request of the responding parties. Copies of all such responses are copied to the appellant.

Following receipt of the Respondent's response, the Appellant has a further 30 days in which to provide a reply response. If the Appellant will not be submitting a reply, the Appellant will notify the Registrar.

Once the hearing date has been scheduled (see Sec. 11.6.2 below), any other submissions are due at least 10 days prior to the date of the scheduled hearing.

11.5.7 Offering alternative resolution.

If at any time, the parties consent to resolution outside of the formal hearing process, the TST Director shall facilitate a resolution of the dispute on consent of the parties. If a resolution is reached, the appeal will be treated as withdrawn.

11.6 Hearing

11.6.1 Purpose.

The purpose of the hearing is to assist the GSC Academic Appeals Committee in forming an understanding of the circumstances relevant to the appeal. The hearing is intended for the resolution of a dispute and is not intended to be adversarial.

11.6.2 Arrangement of the hearing.

If the matter has not otherwise been resolved without a hearing in accordance with Sec. 11.3, and once the TST Registrar has received responses from all interested parties under Sec. 11.5.6 (or when the deadline for responses has passed) and a reply from the Appellant (if one is forthcoming), the TST Registrar arranges a hearing of the matter before the GSC Academic Appeals Committee at a reasonable time, giving the student notice at least seven days in advance of the date, time, and place of the hearing. Normally the appeal should be heard within sixty days of the receipt of all of the appeal materials.

11.6.3 Procedures for the Hearing.

- The Chair decides all procedural matters.
- All hearings are open. Due to space constraints, the Registrar may request that interested members of the public confirm their attendance prior to the hearing.

- The Chair will explain the procedures at the hearing and the expected timeframe (appeals are usually allocated three hours).
- The student appellant presents his/her case and calls witnesses, if any, to provide information on his/her behalf.
- The Chair asks if the panel members or the respondent parties wish to ask any clarifying questions of the appellant.
- The respondent parties have the opportunity to present their case and call any witnesses.
- The panel members and the appellant are asked by the Chair if they have any clarifying questions they wish to ask the respondent parties.
- The parties present closing statements.
- The parties leave the hearing and the panel deliberates.
- The panel releases a decision with reasons within thirty days following the hearing.

11.6.4 Disposition.

The GSC Academic Appeals Committee may:

- send a decision back to the decision-making person or body for reconsideration to correct a procedural flaw or to address new information presented at the hearing that was not available to the prior decision-maker at the time the decision was made;
- take any action that was available to the person or decision-making body at the time it considered the petition; or
- deny the appeal.

11.6.5 Decision.

The decision of the GSC Academic Appeals Committee is final and the GSC Academic Appeals Committee has power to issue the decision. The Chair of the GSC Academic Appeals Committee will communicate the decision in writing within thirty days to the appellant and the respondent. The letter accompanying the decision from the Registrar will remind the appellant of the right of further appeal. An MA (USMC) degree student has the right to appeal to the Advanced Degree Appeals Committee of the Faculty of Theology, University of St. Michael's College. (See Sec. 11.3.7.)

11.6.6 Further reporting.

The TST Registrar will communicate the decision to the Director, GCTS.

12 Discipline and complaints

12.1 Academic discipline

Every MA (USMC) student registered in the TST or in one of the participating colleges is subject to the disciplinary jurisdiction of the college and TST in respect of academic matters, including plagiarism, forging of academic documents, and cheating on examinations or papers. The offences and sanctions are prescribed in the University of Toronto *Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters*. In the application of the Code of Behaviour, the roles, rights and duties therein appointed to the Dean and the department chair are to be exercised by the head (dean, principal, or president) of the college in which the student is registered. Copies of the full *Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters* are available through the GCTS Office and on the website of

the University of Toronto (go to <http://www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca> and follow the links). A record of cases disposed under Sec. C.i.(a.) (Divisional Procedures) of the *Code of Behaviour*, and of the sanctions imposed, shall also be sent to the GCTS Director.

12.2 Harassment

All members of the TST community should have the ability to study, work, and live in a campus environment free from sexual violence, including sexual assault and sexual harassment. To guard against sexual violence and harassment, the Governing Council of the University of Toronto has approved the Policy on Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment. Students must contact their college of registration or TST concerning the application of this policy to TST students, faculty and staff. The full text of the Policy on Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment is available at www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/policies.

12.3 Code of Student Conduct

Students have an obligation to make legal and responsible decisions concerning their conduct. The TST and its member colleges have no general responsibility for the moral and social behaviour of its students. In the exercise of its disciplinary authority and responsibility, the TST recognizes that students are free to organize their own personal lives, behaviour, and associations subject only to the law and to TST regulations that are necessary to protect the integrity and safety of TST's activities, the peaceful and safe enjoyment of university housing by residents and neighbours, or the freedom of members of the TST to participate reasonably in the programs of the TST and its member colleges and in activities in or on the TST and TST college premises.

In the application of the *Code of Student Conduct* in TST colleges, the roles, rights and duties therein appointed to the Dean and the department chair are to be exercised by the head (dean, principal or president) of the college in which the student is registered. In situations where TST Member Institutions have existing community standards, TST will consult with the UofT's Office of the Vice-Provost Students concerning the appropriate application of the *Code of Student Conduct*, their existing community standards, or some combination of the two.

Non-academic offences are defined in the University's *Code of Student Conduct*. The code addresses offences, procedures, interim conditions and measures, and sanctions. The full text of the *Code of Student Conduct* is available on the University of Toronto website at www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/policies/studentc.htm.

12.4 Grievances

NOTE: Policies and procedures relating to Grievances will be under review during the 2018-19 Academic Year. Please contact the GCTS Office (gcts.office@utoronto.ca) for further information.

12.4.1 Matters for grievance.

Any member of the TST faculty, TST staff or TST student body may lodge an informal or formal complaint when that member has reason to believe that TST or anyone acting on behalf of TST has acted in a way that is inconsistent with any of the established policies of TST for faculty, staff, or students and that has hindered the member's ability to perform his or her duties effectively. Grievances include, but are not limited to:

- a) non-academic grievances against TST faculty members;
- b) grievances against TST staff members;

- c) non-academic grievances against TST students that do not fall under any discipline codes;
- d) dissatisfaction with non-academic TST administrative decisions or policies;
- e) grievances regarding TST facilities, offices, services;
- f) a policy or procedure of TST contravened.

12.4.2 Eligibility for grievance.

A formal grievance complaint under paragraph 12.4.1 may be lodged by any faculty member, staff member, student, or voluntary member of a committee or board of the TST, or by a person who has been so within the previous eight months.

12.4.3 Informal complaint.

Before a formal grievance procedure is initiated, every effort should be made to resolve the dispute through an informal discussion with the person immediately involved or that person's supervisor. The complaint should be discussed within fifteen working days of the incident or circumstances giving rise to the complaint. The person to whom complaint is made shall make an appropriate response to the complainant, either orally or in writing, within one week of the discussions; and if the person to whom complaint is made is the supervisor, then the supervisor shall respond also to the person against whom the complaint is made.

12.4.4 Responsible person for formal grievance.

A formal grievance complaint is made in the first instance to the TST Director. If the grievance complaint is against the TST Director, it is made to the chair of the TST Grievance Committee.

12.4.5 Determination of jurisdiction.

If the responsible official determines that the complaint is not within the jurisdiction of the TST, she or he declines to accept the complaint, and may suggest to the griever an alternate means of redress.

12.4.6 Grievance Committee.

The TST Grievance Committee comprises four members, of whom one is designated the chair. The Committee includes representatives from faculty, administration and staff. Members are appointed to three-year overlapping terms by the TST Director, with at least one new member being appointed each academic year; the Director shall inform the Board of Trustees of the appointment at the Board's first meeting in the fall trimester. A quorum of three of the four members including the Chair is necessary to hear a case. Should one of the committee members or the Chair be either the griever or the one being grieved against, an alternate will be appointed. Decisions of the Grievance Committee shall be by simple majority. The Chair shall have a second vote in case of a tied decision.

12.4.7 Formal grievance stage.

The first stage in any formal grievance procedure is to complete a TST Grievance Form in which the complainant states the matters in dispute, the provision or interpretation of the policy that has been violated, the efforts which have been made to resolve and redress the grievance, and the remedy sought. The form must be signed by the griever and presented to the Chair of the Grievance Committee (or his or her alternate if the chair is the one being grieved against).

The person grieved against must within two working days receive notice of the grievance and a copy of the grievance form. The person grieved against has the right to be represented by an agent or advocate.

The parties should be allowed to attempt to resolve the grievance before the Grievance Committee meets. The chair of the Grievance Committee may recommend a means of resolution.

In any event the Grievance Committee must convene a hearing within fourteen calendar days of the receipt by the chair of the formal grievance. Copies of all documents and the grievance form are to be submitted to all members of the Committee and to all interested parties before the hearing. The hearing is conducted by the chair of the Grievance Committee, unless the chair is the person against whom the grievance has been lodged, in which case the meeting is chaired by an alternate. At the hearing the grievance form will be presented to the Committee after which any affidavits of the circumstances of the grievance will be considered, and any witnesses heard and cross-examined. Parties to the grievance may be accompanied by a colleague or advocate. Parties to the grievance and their advocates must be present throughout the proceedings. Witnesses appear only while giving evidence.

Within two weeks of hearing the formal grievance, the Committee shall make a report on the facts with recommendations as to any remedy, penalty or action to be taken. These recommendations will then be forwarded to the Director of TST for her or his decision. If the Director of TST is the one being grieved against, the recommendations shall be forwarded to the chair of the Board of Trustees. All agreements settled at the formal complaint stage shall be in writing and signed by the parties concerned.

If an employee chooses not to grieve a particular situation or withdraws a grievance at any stage, such action or lack of action shall not prejudice other grievances. No decision of the Grievance Committee shall set a precedent for settling future or pending grievances.

Confidentiality shall be maintained at all stages of the grievance process.

12.4.8 Appeals.

Should either party to the grievance wish to appeal the decision of the Director of TST, a written appeal must be presented to the Chair of the Grievance Committee, who will invite responses from the other parties, and submit the appeal, the replies, and other documentation. Please contact the Chair of the Grievance Committee for more detailed policies and procedures for appeals.

12.4.9 Records of grievances.

Records of formal grievances and their disposition will be kept in the office of the TST Director and will be made available, subject to privacy provisions, for review by the Association of Theological Schools of the United States and Canada, and other appropriate persons.

APPENDIX – MA in Theology: Statement of Intended Outcomes

NOTES:

- In keeping with the ongoing nature of the outcomes assessment process, this document is a work in progress, subject to ongoing change.
- In what follows “ability” is used as a general term, without regard to specific levels. More specific levels of ability are indicated by the terms “awareness,” “familiarity,” “competence” and “proficiency,” representing a scale of increasing levels.
- In the section “Knowledge of the area of concentration,” different levels of the proportion of the area of concentration with which a student is expected to be familiar are indicated by the terms “moderate,” “significant,” “major” and “whole,” representing a scale of increasing levels. More precise descriptions of what these terms represent is left to the determination of each department. These terms are also used in section 4 to indicate different proportions of the graduates of the program.

Basic Statement

Graduates of the MA program will have acquired an introductory awareness of the fields of theological study and sufficient level of knowledge in their area of concentration, together with a sufficient level of ability with the requisite scholarly tools and skills, that they will have been able to undertake and complete a project of specialized research; a major proportion of graduates will be equipped to undertake further studies at the doctoral level, and all of them will be equipped to enter or to prepare for, or will be better equipped to return to, other vocations for which a solid grounding in a specific area of theological study is necessary or beneficial.

Elaboration

1. Knowledge of the area of concentration

Graduates of the MA (USMC) program will have attained	so that they will be able	MEANS OF DEMONSTRATION
1.1 an introductory awareness of the fields of theological study, and of some aspect of the relationship between theological study and the humanities or social sciences,	to provide for interested outsiders a brief but clear description of how their area of concentration fits into the context of theological inquiry and how it relates with some aspect of the humanities or social sciences (such as might be appropriate, for example, for an MA SSHRC application);	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Transcripts from prerequisite degree</i> • <i>1000-level courses</i> • <i>Required course dealing with the intersection of theology or religion and another discipline</i>
1.2 basic familiarity with a significant number of subjects within their area of concentration, as outlined in	to provide, for the professor of a 5000-level seminar in any of these subjects, a description of their purposes in taking the seminar that would demonstrate their readiness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>1000-level course in the area</i> • <i>Research methods course</i> • <i>Electives at the 6000 level</i>

the departmental description of the field,	to participate in a seminar designed in the first instance for doctoral students;	
1.3 competence in several of the subjects within their area of concentration,	to provide for those with knowledge of the area a description of how their proposed thesis topic relates to current scholarly discussion of these subjects (such as might be appropriate, for example, for an MA thesis proposal);	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Five electives</i> • <i>Thesis proposal</i> • <i>Thesis</i>
1.4 proficiency in one subject	to undertake and complete a project of specialized research.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Thesis</i>

2. Ability with scholarly tools and skills

Graduates of the MA (USMC) program will have attained	so that they will be able	MEANS OF DEMONSTRATION
2.1 competence in one ancient or modern language (in addition to English) pertinent to theological scholarship	to read theological texts of moderate difficulty in that language with the aid a lexicon, accurately and at a moderate rate of speed;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Transcript evidence of previous study</i> • <i>Language course taken during the program</i> • <i>TST language exam</i>
2.2 in addition, for students in the Biblical Department, proficiency in the language of the major Testament and competence in the language of the other	to carry out thesis research and meet requirements for entrance to a doctoral program;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Transcript evidence of previous study</i> • <i>Language course taken during the program</i> • <i>TST language exam</i>
2.3 competence in the use of a library and the construction of a bibliography	to produce bibliographies appropriate to each of the levels of knowledge described above;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Work in prerequisite degree</i> • <i>Research Methods course (SMJ5500)</i> • <i>Research papers</i> • <i>Thesis proposal</i> • <i>Thesis</i>
2.4 familiarity with pertinent electronic and web-based resources and skills	to make appropriate use of such resources at a level of competence in their own area of research;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Quercus component of courses</i> • <i>Library resources and training sessions</i>

<p>2.5 proficiency in the following skills:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • clear and effective communication in both oral and written forms; • the construction of a logical argument; • the making of informed judgments on complex issues; • the use of standard conventions of style for scholarly writing 	<p>to produce standard forms of graduate-level scholarly engagement, both written (e.g., seminar research paper) and oral (e.g., seminar presentation, response to an oral presentation), of a quality consistent with the requirements of a 5000-level course.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Work in prerequisite degree</i> • <i>Class presentations</i> • <i>Research papers</i>
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3. Ability to carry out specialized research

Graduates of the MA (USMC) program	so that they will have	MEANS OF DEMONSTRATION
<p>3.1 will have</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • attained proficiency in one subject, together with competence in a cognate area or method, where appropriate; • gained an understanding of the nature and process of research (identification of a research question or problem; construction of an appropriate method of investigation; collection of primary evidence and secondary sources; formulation of a thesis or claim; constructing a reasoned argument on the basis of evidence in support of the claim); • developed a critical awareness of and competence in the methodologies appropriate to their field; • learned how to apply the requisite scholarly tools and skills (see the previous section) 	<p>conceived, designed, carried out and completed a research project (thesis) that demonstrates an ability to understand and engage pertinent aspects of current scholarly discussion in the area of concentration.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Thesis proposal</i> • <i>Thesis</i>

4. Preparation for further study or vocational occupation

4.1 Doctoral study

<p>A major proportion of the graduates of the MA program will have acquired sufficient skill, ability and experience</p>	<p>that they will be equipped to undertake further studies in their area of concentration at the doctoral level.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>MA (USMC) transcript, demonstrating that they meet the entrance requirements for the TST ThD/PhD program</i> • <i>Evidence of acceptance (TST records, graduate survey) into a doctoral program, either at TST or elsewhere</i>
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4.2 Other vocational occupation

<p>Graduates of the MA program will have acquired sufficient skill, ability and experience</p>	<p>that they will be equipped to enter or to prepare for, or will be better equipped to return to, other vocations for which a basic understanding of theological study is necessary or beneficial. (The following is a representative, but by no means exhaustive, list of such vocations: positions in church ministry for which ordination is not a prerequisite; para-church agencies; teaching at a secondary school level; library work, especially in theological libraries; journalism; social work; health care).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Survey of graduates.</i>
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