Course Syllabus EMT 3873/6873 HS Law, Ethics and Society Emmanuel College Toronto School of Theology Winter 2020

Instructor Information

Instructor:	Nevin Reda, PhD, Assistant Professor
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Office Hours:	Tuesdays, 1:00 pm – 2:00 am or by appointment (not during reading week)

Course Identification

EMT 3873/6873HS
In-class
Law, Ethics and Society
EM 108
Tuesdays 11:00am – 1:00pm
None

Course Description

The seminar will undertake to study the Islamic legal theory (*usul al-fiqh*) and practice (*fiqh*) in conjunction with Islamic ethics, which serves as an integral part of the juridical tradition of Islam. The sources of law like the Qur'an, the Tradition (*Sunna*), consensus (*ijma'*), analogy (*qiyas*) and reason (*'aql*) will be examined in connection with the process by which legal decisions in Islam are made. The course will provide an opportunity to students of comparative ethics and law to learn about one of the well-developed religious-ethical systems in Abrahamic traditions. In addition, this course will offer a study of interaction between faith and history in Islam which has impacted upon the development of ethical-legal judgments in the Shari'a. Assessment: Class Participation (15%), oral presentation (15%), mid-term test (25%), and a final paper (45%).

Course Resources

Required Course Texts/Bibliography

- Kamali, Mohammad Hashim. Shari 'ah Law: An Introduction. Oxford: Oneworld, 2008.
- Sachedina, Abdulaziz Abdulhussein. *Islamic Biomedical Ethics: Principles and Application*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2009.
- Ali, Kecia. Sexual Ethics in Islam. Oxford: Oneworld Publications, 2007.
- Hallaq, Wael. *Sharīʻa: Theory, Practice, Transformations*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2009.

Course Website(s)

• Quercus: <u>https://q.utoronto.ca/</u>

This course uses Quercus for its course website. To access it, go to the UofT Quercus login page at https://q.utoronto.ca/ and login using your UTORid and password. Once you have logged in to Quercus using your UTORid and password, look for the **My Courses** module, where you'll find the link to the website for all your Quercus-based courses. (Your course registration with ACORN gives you access to the course website in Quercus.) Information for students about using Quercus can be found at: https://community.canvaslms.com/docs/DOC-10701. Students who have trouble accessing Quercus should ask Wanda Chin for further help.

Course Learning Objectives/Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, students are expected to: Religious Faith and Heritage

- Demonstrate knowledge of religious heritage, and articulate clearly their own theological positions (as related to pastoral practices).
- Interpret scripture and religious texts using a variety of methods, sources, and norms.
- Identify and respect the diversity of theological viewpoints and practices within their religious tradition.

Culture and Context

- Demonstrate critical understanding for one's area of specialization of the relationship between faith practices and cultural contexts.
- Employ diverse methods of analysis in relating to one's cultural contexts of one's specialization.
- Give evidence of critical self-awareness with regard to their own and—and others'--faith perspectives and practices of educational ministry.

Ability with Scholarly Tools and Skills

- Demonstrate competence in the use of a library and in the construction of a bibliography
- Demonstrate familiarity with pertinent web-based resources and skills.
- Demonstrate competence in the following skills:
 - Clear and effective communication in both oral and written forms;
 - The construction of a logical argument;
 - The making of informed judgments on complex issues;
 - The use of standard conventions of style for scholarly writing.

Ability to carry out specialized research

- Demonstrate competence in the area of Islamic law, its theories and practices.
- Give evidence of an understanding of the nature and processes of research.

Evaluation

Requirements

The final grade for the course will be based on evaluations in four areas:

(1) Attendance and Class Participation (15%)

Class begins at 11:10am sharp. Three late arrivals in class will count as one absence. Attendance is mandatory. (For Emmanuel College's attendance policy, see below). Students are expected to attend class and to come prepared.

You should expect to devote 3 hours or more outside of class for every hour of classroom instruction. Use this time to prepare the required readings and primary texts in advance. Always be ready to provide a brief summary of each reading, list the main points and explain how the readings relate to one another.

Ensure that you learn and memorize the most important technical terms you come across in your readings. Some students like to keep a notebook specifically for this terminology, defining the terms and giving examples. Other students prefer an electronic notebook. Your class participation mark will reflect your participation in classroom discussions.

(2) Case Study Oral Presentation

Presentation topics and dates will be determined on the first day of class in accordance with the below schedule of readings. Ensure that you address relevant texts, principles and methodologies in your presentation. Students are expected to speak for 15 minutes and to respond to questions and comments after the presentation. You should have a 1-2 page handout for the class in point form. Some students like to prepare a PowerPoint. Please ensure that you email me a copy of your handout and PowerPoint (if you have one) by 5:00 pm one day before you present. This presentation counts as 15% of your final grade and is distinct from the research paper presentation which counts as part of your class participation above.

(3) Mid-Term Test

This test will cover all required readings of the first six classes, including all those in the Hallaq and Kamali textbooks. For the first question, you will receive a choice of five out of seven words, which you will be asked to define and to explain their significance in relation to Islamic law. For the second question, you will be required to fill in the blanks. The third question is an essay question and you will receive a choice of one out of two questions. No aids are allowed in this test.

(4) Research Paper

This research paper must address a current topic in the area of Islamic law and/or ethics. For basic degree students (EMT 3873), this paper should be 12-15 pages (counting bibliography) in double-spaced 12 pt Times New Roman font. For graduate students (EMT 6873), this paper should be 20-25 pages (counting bibliography) in double-spaced 12 pt Times New Roman font. Footnotes and bibliography should consistently follow *Chicago Manual of Style* (16th edition), which is available on-line through the library catalogue.

Your paper must include the following:

<u>Title page.</u> This includes the paper title, the student's name, the course code and name, the name of the instructor and the date of submission.

<u>Introduction</u>. The most important part of the Introduction is the thesis statement, setting out in the briefest possible form the exact proposition or hypothesis which the paper will demonstrate. The Introduction also provides the context necessary to show why the paper is important. To this end it identifies the research question and describes its broader setting in academic research. It gives attention to previous enquiry and available secondary literature (the *status quaestionis*). The Introduction should also include a description of the project as a whole (i.e. a one-paragraph road map outlining what you plan to do).

If you want, you can also include a section on method as part of the introduction, describing the relevant primary literature and the methods to be used for interpreting it. It gives a rationale for the method and indicates how it will be used to generate dependable conclusions and verify the thesis statement.

Your introduction should not exceed one page (not counting the literature review and the section on method). Some students like to write two or three paragraphs, one with the thesis statement: one with the road map, and one on the state of the scholarship.

Exposition. The main body of the thesis is the clarification, development, and demonstration of the thesis statement, using authoritative evidence. The exposition is typically organized as parts of an argument. The interrelationship of the parts of the exposition, and the direct relevance of each part of the exposition to the thesis statement, should be clear to the reader.

<u>Conclusion</u>. The thesis statement should be recapitulated, the demonstration should be summarized, the limitations of the demonstration and the remaining uncertainties should be acknowledged, and the implications of the study for the faith community, the wider scholarly community, and/or the world should be set forth.

<u>Bibliography.</u> Books, articles, and other sources that have been used must be listed. It is preferable to distinguish between primary and secondary literature in the bibliography.

Submission Guidelines

Please submit your assignments in both paper and electronic formats by the due dates/times. For electronic submissions, please email them to <u>nevin.el.tahry@utoronto.ca</u>. If you do not receive a response acknowledging that I have received your assignment within 24 hours, then please resend, since, I will probably not have received it.

Due Dates

Component	Weight	Due Date
Class participation	15 %	N/A
Mid-term test	25 %	Feb. 11
Case study presentation	15 %	TBA
Research Paper	45%	March 31 @ 11:00 a.m.

Advice on Academic Writing

For advice on academic writing, go to <u>http://www.writing.utoronto.ca</u>. If you wish to book an appointment with a writing instructor for individual help, go to

<u>http://www.vic.utoronto.ca/students/tutorialservices/Writing_Centre.htm</u>. Make sure you book your appointment as early as possible. Advanced degree students in a conjoint degree program are encouraged to use <u>http://www.sgs.utoronto.ca/currentstudents/Pages/English-Language-and-Writing-Support.aspx</u>.

Grading System - Basic Degree Students

1000, 2000 and 3000 level courses use the following numerical grading scale (see section 11.2 of the BD Handbook):

90-100 (A+)	Exceptional
85-89 (A)	Outstanding
80-84 (A-)	Excellent
77-79 (B+)	Very Good
73-76 (B)	Good
70-72 (B-)	Acceptable
0-69 (FZ)	Failure

Grading System - Graduate Degree Students

5000, 6000 and 7000 level courses use the following alpha grading scale;

A+	(90-100)	Profound & creative
А	(85-89)	Outstanding
A-	(80-84)	Excellent
B+	(77-79)	Very Good
В	(73-76)	Good
B-	(70-72)	Satisfactory at a post-baccalaureate level
FZ	(0-69)	Failure

Late work (BD). Basic Degree students are expected to hand in assignments by the date given in the course outline. Penalty for late assignments is 2% deduction in grade per day of lateness. The absolute deadline for the course is the examination day scheduled for the course or the last day of exam week for the semester in which the course is taught, whichever is sooner.

This penalty is not applied to students with documented medical or compassionate difficulties or exceptional reasons (e.g., a death in the family or a serious illness); students facing such difficulties are kindly requested to consult with their faculty adviser or basic degree director, who should make a recommendation on the matter to the instructor and request an SDF. The absolute deadline for obtaining an SDF for the course is the examination day scheduled for the course or the last day of examination week, whichever is sooner. An SDF must be requested from the registrar's office in the student's college of registration no later than the last day of exam week in which the course is taken. The SDF, when approved, will have a mutually agreed upon deadline that does not extend beyond the conclusion of the following term. If a student has not completed work but has not been granted an SDF, a final mark will be submitted calculating a zero for work not submitted.

Late work (Graduate). Graduate students are expected to hand in assignments by the date given in the course outline. Penalty for late assignments is 2% deduction in grade per day of lateness. The absolute deadline for the completion of work in a course is the last day of the examination week for the trimester in which the course is taken. Students are expected to meet the course deadlines of the instructor offering the course and are advised to plan their research projects accordingly. Students who find themselves

unable to meet deadlines for completing coursework can, under certain conditions, receive extensions for completing the work after the dates set by the college in which the course is offered.

The authority to grant an extension for the completion of work in a course beyond the original TST or college deadline (whichever is earlier) for that course rests with the student's college Graduate Director, not the instructor of the course. Nevertheless, the instructor's signature is required for course extension requests to be processed. Students will petition their college Graduate Director for extensions, using a standard form provided by TST on its website. See Section 7.11 of the Conjoint Graduate Degree Handbook.

Course grades. Consistently with the policy of the University of Toronto, course grades submitted by an instructor are reviewed by a committee of the instructor's college before being posted to ACORN. Grades are not official until they are posted to ACORN. Course grades may be adjusted where they do not comply with University Assessment and Grading Practices Policy found at www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/Assets/Governing+Council+Digital+Assets/Policies/PDF/grading.pdf, policies found in the TST conjoint program handbooks, or college grading policy.

Policies

Emmanuel College Attendance Policy. Attendance is mandatory. A high rate of attendance is key to student success, given the nature of theological education and the importance of classroom interaction and learning at Emmanuel College. Students should not accept significant outside obligations during the academic term. For a regular course, students who register and miss two (2) classes may receive a lower or failing grade for the course. In order to avoid this penalty, students must notify their instructor with a valid reason for any absence <u>before</u> class. Students missing twenty-five (25) percent or more of a course will be automatically withdrawn from that course. For an intensive course, <u>full</u> attendance is mandatory.

Accessibility. Students with a disability or health consideration, whether temporary or permanent, are entitled to accommodation. Students in conjoint degree programs must register at the University of Toronto's Accessibility Services offices; information is available at <u>http://www.accessibility.utoronto.ca/</u>. The sooner a student seeks accommodation, the quicker we can assist.

Plagiarism. Students submitting written material in courses are expected to provide full documentation for sources of both words and ideas in footnotes or endnotes. Direct quotations should be placed within quotation marks. (If small changes are made in the quotation, they should be indicated by appropriate punctuation such as brackets and ellipses, but the quotation still counts as a direct quotation.) Failure to document borrowed material constitutes plagiarism, which is a serious breach of academic, professional, and Christian ethics. An instructor who discovers evidence of student plagiarism is not permitted to deal with the situation individually but is required to report it to his or her head of college or delegate according to the TST *Basic Degree Handbook* and the Graduate program Handbooks (linked from http://www.tst.edu/academic/resources-forms/handbooks and the University of Toronto *Code of Behaviour on Academic Matters* http://www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/AssetFactory.aspx?did=4871. A student who plagiarizes in this course will be assumed to have read the document "Avoidance of plagiarism in theological writing" published by the Graham Library of Trinity and Wycliffe Colleges http://www.trinity.utoronto.ca/Library Archives/Theological Resources/Tools/Guides/plag.htm.

Other academic offences. TST students come under the jurisdiction of the University of Toronto Code of *Behaviour on Academic Matters* <u>http://www.governingcouncil.utoronto.ca/policies/behaveac.htm</u>.

Back-up copies. Please make back-up copies of essays before handing them in.

Obligation to check email. At times, the course instructor may decide to send out important course information by email. To that end, all students in conjoint programs are required to have a valid utoronto email address. Students must have set up their utoronto email address which is entered in the ACORN system. Information is available at <u>www.utorid.utoronto.ca</u>. The course instructor will not be able to help you with this. 416-978-HELP and the Help Desk at the Information Commons can answer questions you may have about your UTORid and password. *Students should check utoronto email regularly* for messages about the course. **Forwarding** your utoronto.ca email to a Hotmail, Gmail, Yahoo or other type of email account is not advisable. In some cases, messages from utoronto.ca addresses sent to Hotmail, Gmail or Yahoo accounts are filtered as junk mail, which means that emails from your course instructor may end up in your spam or junk mail folder. Students in non-conjoint programs should contact the Registrar of their college of registration.

Email communication with the course instructor. The instructor aims to respond to email communications from students in a timely manner. *All email communications from students in conjoint programs must be sent from a utoronto email address.* Email communications from other email addresses are not secure, and also the instructor cannot readily identify them as being legitimate emails from students. The instructor is not obliged to respond to email from non-utoronto addresses for students in conjoint programs. Students in non-conjoint programs should only use the email address they have provided to their college of registration.

Course Schedule (may be subject to change)

Week 1 (Jan. 7)

Introduction

Required Readings:

- 1. Kamali, Introduction, pp. 14-38.
- 2. Hallaq, *Sharīʻa*, pp. 1-23.

Week 2 (Jan. 14)

The Judiciary Coming of Age

Required Readings:

- 1. Hallaq, *Sharī* '*a*, pp. 25-71.
- 2. Shāfi'ī, *al-Risala* (transl. Majid Khadduri), Chapter VI [On the Abrogation of Divine Legislation] The Abrogating and Abrogated [Communications], pp. 123-45.
- 3. Aisha Y. Musa, "Al-Shāfiʿī, the Ḥadīth, and the Concept of the Duality of Revelation," *Islamic Studies* 46, no. 2 (2007), 163-197.

Week 3 (Jan. 21)

Legal Theory

Required Readings:

- 1. Hallaq, *Sharī* '*a*, pp. 72-97.
- 2. Kamali, "The Characteristic Features of Sharia" in Introduction, pp. 39-67.
- 3. Ghazali, al-Mustasfa (transl. Ahmad Zakī Hammād), pp. 662 (367)-687 (392).

Week 4 (Jan. 28)

Legal Reasoning

Required Readings:

- 1. Hallaq, *Sharīʻa*, pp. 98-124.
- 2. Kamali, "The Leading Schools of Law" and "Disagreement (*lkhtilāf*) and Pluralism in *Sharī 'ah*" in *Introduction*, pp. 68-122.

Week 5 (Feb. 4)

The Objectives of the Law

Required Readings:

- 1. Kamali, "Goals and Purposes (*Maqāṣid*)" and "Legal Maxims of *Fiqh*" in *Introduction*, pp. 123-61.
- 2. Mohammed Ghaly, "Deliberations within the Islamic Tradition on Principle-Based Bioethics: An Enduring Task" in *Islamic Perspectives on the Principles of Biomedical Ethics: Muslim Religious Scholars and Biomedical Scientists in Face-To-Face Dialogue with Western Bioethics* (London: World Scientific Publishing, 2016), pp. 3-39.

Optional Readings:

- 1) Sachedina, "In Search of Principles of Healthcare Ethics in Islam" in *Islamic Biomedical Ethics*, pp. 25-76.
- 2) Jasser Auda, "A Maqāşid-Based Approach for New Independent Legal Reasoning" in Mohammed Ghaly (ed.), Islamic Perspectives on the Principles of Biomedical Ethics: Muslim Religious Scholars and Biomedical Scientists in Face-To-Face Dialogue with Western Bioethics (London: World Scientific Publishing, 2016), pp. 69-87.

Week 6 (Feb. 11)

Mid-Term Test

Reading Week No Classes on Feb. 18

Health and Suffering

Required Readings:

- 'Abdulaziz Sachedina, "Can God Inflict Unrequited Pain on His Creatures? Muslim Perspectives on Health and Suffering." In Religion Health and Suffering, edited by John R. Hinnells and Roy Porter, 65-84. New York: Kegan Paul International, 1999.
- 2. Sachedina, "Death and Dying," Islamic Biomedical Ethics, pp. 145-72.
- 3. Nazila Isgandarova, "Physician-assisted Suicide and Other Forms of Euthanasia in Islamic Spiritual Care," *Journal of Pastoral Care & Counseling* 69, no. 4 (2015), pp. 215 221.

Optional Readings

- 4. Sachedina, "Health and Suffering," Islamic Biomedical Ethics, pp. 77-100.
- 5. J. Meric Pessagno, "The Uses of Evil in Maturidian Thought," *Studia Islamica* 60 (1984), pp. 59-82.
- 6. Ozgur Koca, "Ibn 'Arabī (1165-1240) and Rūmī (1207-1273) on the Question of Evil: Discontinuities in Sufi Metaphysics," *Islam and Christian-Muslim Relations* 28, no. 3 (2017), pp. 293-311.
- 7. Nazila Isgandarova, "Medical Assistance in Dying: Challenges for Muslim Healthcare Professionals," *Journal of Pastoral Care & Counseling* 72, no. 3 (2018), pp. 202 211.

8. Mohammaed Ghaly, "D3S1 Physicians as Co-Muftis?" (videorecording) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CGz8mQp5eCg</u> Presentations/Case studies: End of life decisions; organ donation

Week 8 (Mar. 3)

Early Life

Required Readings:

1. Sachedina, "The Beginning of Life," "Terminating Early Life" and "Recent Developments" in *Islamic Biomedical Ethics*, pp. 101-44; 195-220.

Presentations/Case studies: Reproductive technologies; abortion; (eugenics)

Week 9 (Mar. 10)

Marriage, Money and Sex

Required Readings:

- 1. Kecia Ali, "Marriage, Money and Sex" in Sexual Ethics and Islam, pp. 1-23.
- Lena Larsen, "Men are the protectors and maintainers of women ..." Three Fatwas on Spousal Roles and Rights" in Ziba Mir-Hosseini, Mulki al-Sharmani and Jana Rumminger (eds), *Men in charge? Rethinking Authority in Muslim Legal Tradition* (London: Oneworld, 2015), pp. 197-218.

Presentations/Case studies: Adoption; contraception; (surrogate motherhood).

Week 10 (Mar. 17)

When Things Go Wrong: Divorce and Illicit Sex in Islamic Jurisprudence

Required Readings:

- 1) Kecia Ali, "Lesser Evils: Divorce in Islamic Ethics" and "Prohibited Acts and Forbidden Partners" in *Sexual Ethics and Islam*, pp. 24-39, 56-74.
- Lily Zakiyah Munir, "Domestic Violence in Indonesia," *Muslim World Journal of Human Rights* 2, no. 2 (2005) doi:10.2202/1554-4419.1031. http://resolver.scholarsportal.info/resolve/15544419/v02i0001/nfp_dvii.

Optional Readings

3) Laleh Bakhtiar, "The Sublime Quran: The Misinterpretation of Chapter 4 Verse 34" *European Journal of Women`s Studies* v. 18 (4), 10/2011, pp. 431-39.

Presentations/Case studies: Domestic violence; (child custody); (zina)

Week 11 (Mar. 24)

Sexual Ethics

Required Readings:

- 1. Kecia Ali, Sexual Ethics and Islam, pp. 75-96.
- Sara Omar, "From Semantics to Normative Law: Perceptions of Liwāt (Sodomy) and Sihāq (Tribadism) in Islamic Jurisprudence (8th-15th Century CE)," *Islamic Law and Society* 19, no. 3(2012), pp. 222 – 56.
- 3. Sachedina, Islamic Biomedical Ethics, pp. 190-4.

Optional Readings:

- 4. Ali Gomaa, "The Islamic View of Female Genital Mutilation," *African Journal of Urology* 19, 3 (2013), pp. 123 126.
- 5. Imam Muhammad Hatim, "Islam and Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual, Transgender and Questioning (GLBTQ) Believers" in *Caregiving to Muslims: A Guide for Chaplains, Counselors, Healthcare and Social Workers* (2017), pp. 102-1111.
- 6. "Liwāț" *EI2* (*Encyclopedia of Islam*, 2nd ed., available on-line through the library catalogue)

Presentations/Case studies: FGC; sex change; Circumcision

Week 12 (Mar. 31)

Women in the Public Sphere: The Problem of fitna

Required Readings:

- 1. Khaled Abou El Fadl, "Islamic Authority" in New Directions, pp. 129-44.
- G. H. A. <u>Juynboll</u>, "Some isnad analytical methods illustrated on the basis of several woman - demeaning sayings from hadith literature," *Al-Qantara* 10, 2 (1989), pp. 343-84.

Additional Bibliography

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———. *Reasoning with God: Reclaiming Shari 'ah in the Modern Age*. Lanham: Rowman and Littlefield, 2014.

Abu Rabi, Ibrahim M. (ed.). *Theodicy and Justice in Modem Islamic Thought: The Case of Said Nursi*. Ashgate, Surrey, 2010.

Abu Zahra, Muhammad. *The Four Imams: Their Lives, Works and Schools of Thought*, transl. Aisha Bewley. UK: Dar al-Taqwa, 2012.

Abdul Rauf, Feisal. *Islam: A Sacred Law: What Every Muslim Should Know About the Shariah.* Threshold Books, 2000.

Afsaruddin, Asma. *Striving in the Path of God: Jihad and Martyrdom in Islamic Thought*. Oxford : Oxford University Press, c2013.

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Ahmed, Leila. A Quiet Revolution: The Veil's Resurgence, from the Middle East to America. New Haven: Yale University Press, 2011.

Ahmed, Rumee. Narratives of Islamic Legal Theory. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2012.

Ali, Kecia, Marriage and Slavery in Early Islam. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2010.

Alwani, Taha Jabir al-. *Towards a Fiqh for Minorities: Some Basic Reflections*, trans. Ashur J. Shamis. Washington: International Institute of Islamic Thought, 2003.

An-Na'im, Abdullahi A. *Islamic Family Law in a Changing World: A Global Resource Book.* London: Zed Books, 2002.

Arozullah, Ahsan M and Kholwadia, Mohammed Amin. "Wilāyah (Authority and Goverance) and its Implications for Islamic Bioethics: A Sunni Māturīdī Perspective," *Theoretical Medicine and Bioethics* 34, no. 2 (2013), pp. 95 – 104.

Auda, Jasser. *Maqāṣid al-Sharīʿa: A Beginner's Guide*. London: The International Institute of Islamic Thought, 2009.

— . *Maqasid al-Shariah as Philosophy of Islamic Law: A Systems Approach*. Herndon, VA: International Institute of Islamic Thought, 2008.

Aydin, Mehmet S. "The Problem of Theodicy in the *Risale-i Nur*" in Ibrahim M. Abu Rabi (ed.), *Islam at the Crossroads: On The Life and Thought of Bediuzzaman Said Nursi*. State University of New York Press, 2003, pp. 215-228.

Ayoub, Mahmoud. *Redemptive Suffering in Islam: A Study of the Devotional Aspects of 'Ashura' in Twelver Shi'ism*. The Hague: Mouton, 1978.

Bedir, Murteza. "The Probem of Uşūl al-Shāshī," Islamic Studies 42, no. 3 (2003), pp. 415 - 436

Beauchamp, Tom L. and James F. Childress. *Principles of Biomedical Ethics*. New York: Oxford University Pres, 1979.

Boozari, Amirhassan. *Shi'i Jurisprudence and Constitution: Revolution in Iran.* New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.

Brockopp, Jonathan E. and Thomas Eich (eds). *Muslim Medical Ethics: From Theory to Practice*. Columbia, S.C.: University of South Carolina Press, 2008.

Brockopp. Jonathan E. (ed.). *Islamic Ethics of Life: Abortion, War, and Euthanasia*. Foreword by Gene Outka. Columbia, S.C.: University of South Carolina Press, 2003.

Brockopp. Jonathan E. "Islamic Ethics of Saving Life: A Comparative Perspective" *Medicine and Law* 21, no. 2 (2002), pp. 225 ff.

Brown, Jonathan. *The Canonization of al-Bukhārī and Muslim: The Formation and Function of the Sunnī Hadīth Canon.* Leiden: Brill, 2007.

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Caeiro, Alexandre. "The Power of European Fatwas: The Minority *fiqh* Project and the Making of an Islamic Counterpublic," *Int. J. Middle East Stud.* 42 (2010), pp. 435–449.

Chaudhry, Ayesha S., "The Ethics of Marital Discipline in Pre-Modern Qur'anic Exegesis," *Journal of the Society of Christian Ethics* 30(2) (2010) 123-30.

———. Domestic Violence and the Islamic Legal Tradition: Ethics, Law and the Muslim Discourse of Gender. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2013.

Clarke, Lynda and Pamela Cross. *Muslim & Canadian Family Laws: A Comparative Primer*. Toronto: Canadian Council of Muslim Women, 2011.

Cook, Michael, Najam Haider, Intisar Rabb, and Asma Sayeed (eds.). Law and Tradition in Classical Islamic Thought: Studies in Honor of Professor Hossein Modarressi. New York: Palgrave Macmillan, 2013.

Daniels, Kate, M. Abdel Haleem and Adel Omar Sharif. *Criminal Justice in Islam: Judicial Procedure in the Shari'ah*. London: I. B. Tauris, 2003.

Donohue, John J. and John L. Esposito (eds). *Islam in Transition: Muslim Perspectives*. New York: Oxford University Press, 2007.

Duderija, Adis (ed.). *The Sunna and its Status in Islamic Law: The Search for a Sound Hadith*. New York, NY: Palgrave Macmillan, 2015.

El-Shamsy, Ahmed. *The Canonization of Islamic Law: A Social and Intellectual History*. New York: Cambridge University Press, 2013.

Emon, Anver M., Mark S. Ellis, Benjamin Glahn (eds). *Isamic Law and International Human Rights Law: Searching for Common Ground?* Oxford, United Kingdom: Oxford University Press, 2012.

Emon, Anver. *Religious Pluralism and Islamic Law: Dhimmis and Others in the Empire of Law* by Anver M. Emon. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2012.

Emon, Anver. Islamic Natural Law Theories. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2010.

Ercanbrack, Jonathan. *The Transformation of Islamic Law in Global Financial Markets*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2015.

Fadel, Mohammad. "Is Historicism a Viable Strategy for Islamic Law Reform? The Case of "Never Shall a Folk Prosper Who Have Appointed a Woman to Rule over Them," *Islamic Law and Society* 18, no. 2 (2011), pp. 131 – 176.

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